BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022







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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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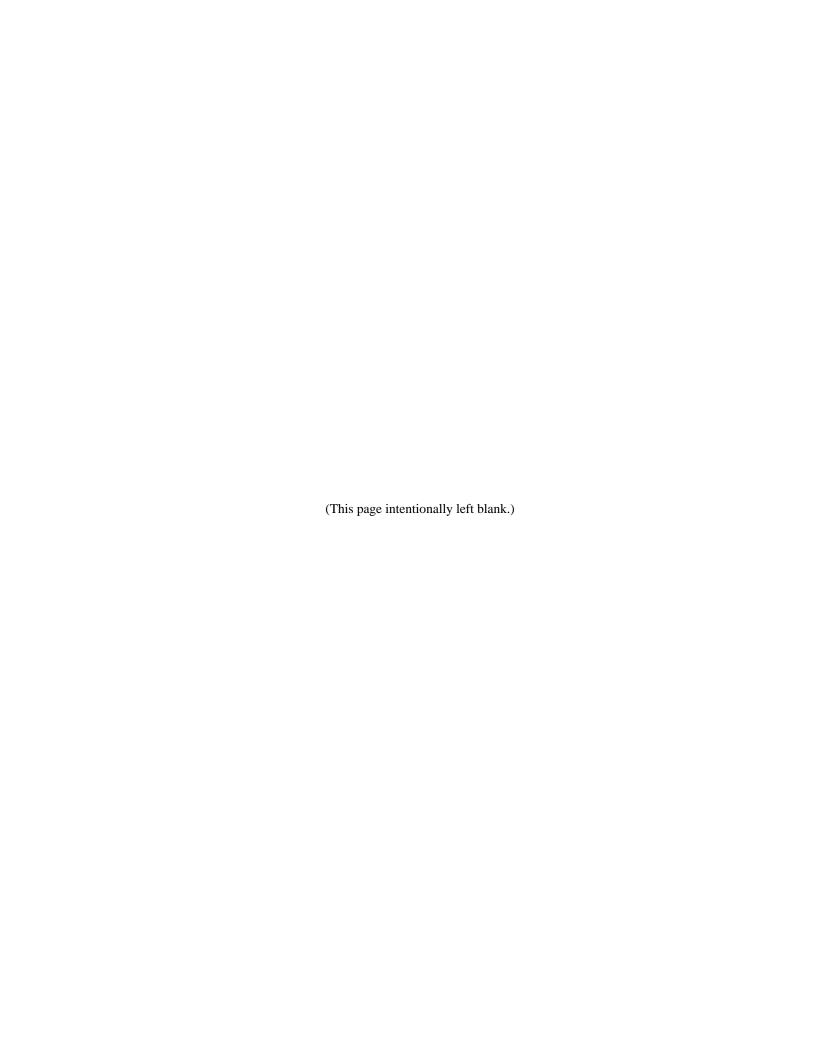
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BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 OFFICIAL ROSTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Name</u>	Cabool Doord	<u>Title</u>
Dale Maes	School Board	President
Tony DeHerrera		Vice President
Joel Gunn		Secretary
Darrell Nichols		Member
Ben Woody Jr.		Member
	District Officials	
Kim Mizell		Superintendent
Jodie Maestas		Director of Finance
Staci Babcock		Business Manager
Patricia Marquez		Director of Federal Programs
Deborah Hernandez		Director of Human Resources
Carolyn Redwine		Director of Maintenance
Brenda MacFarlane		Director of Transportation
James Olivas		Director of Operations
Dan Lutz		Director of Technology





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 Bloomfield, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Schedules I through IV and the notes to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 50 through 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the other supplemental information as required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and Schedule V through VIII required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section on pages 1 through 3 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manning accounting and Consulting Services, LLC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC

Kirtland, New Mexico





BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	ф. 10.155.000
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 18,155,223
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	4,064,152
Prepaids	492,469
Inventory	407,905
Total current assets	23,119,749
Noncurrent assets	
Restricted Cash	10,078,750
Leased assets - right-of-use, net	121,374
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	52,186,688
Total noncurrent assets	62,386,812
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred costs on debt refunding, net of amortization of \$324,844	111,545
Deferred outflows - pensions	33,307,469
Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits	3,481,423
Total deferred outflows	36,900,437
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 122,406,998
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 321,884
Accrued payroll liabilities	1,681,795
Accrued interest payable	326,941
Unearned revenue	11,738
Current maturities of:	
Bonds payable	5,270,000
Compensated absences	345,773
Lease obligations	60,668
Total current liabilities	8,018,799
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bond premiums, net of amortization of \$2,950,475	523,964
Bonds payable	16,395,000
Lease obligations	62,514
Net pension liability Net other post-employment benefits liability	40,426,910 12,462,858
Total noncurrent liabilities	69,871,246
	07,071,210
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	57 510 010
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - other post-employment benefits	56,519,010 6,850,569
Total deferred inflows	63,369,579
NET POSITION	20 107 4/1
Invested in capital assets Restricted for:	30,107,461
Debt service	11,116,103
Capital projects	5,281,691
Other purposes - special revenue	4,130,029
Unrestricted	(69,487,910)
Total net position	(18,852,626)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	
resources, and net position	\$ 122,406,998
-	, ,

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenues						Net
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Operating Charges for Grants and Expenses Service Contributio		Grants and	Capital Grants and Contributions		(Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
Primary Government									
Governmental activities:			_		_		_		
Instruction	\$	19,065,112	\$	365,118	\$	5,063,161	\$	-	\$ (13,636,833)
Support services:									
Students		3,450,911		-		840,748		-	(2,610,163)
Instruction		591,720		-		78,454		-	(513,266)
General administration		1,321,813		-		· -		-	(1,321,813)
School administration		2,791,224		-		-		-	(2,791,224)
Other		· · · · -		-		-		-	-
Central services		1,289,483		284,270		-		-	(1,005,213)
Operation & maintenance of plant		3,795,133		86,567		54,000		139,400	(3,515,166)
Student transportation		1,232,269		-		1,103,683		· -	(128,586)
Food services operations		1,917,703		4,350		1,827,425		-	(85,928)
Community services		4,470		-		-		-	(4,470)
Interest on long-term debt		953,010		-		304,966		-	(648,044)
Facilities materials, supplies,									
& other services		1,814,946		-		-		27,073	(1,787,873)
Total Primary Government	\$	38,227,794	\$	740,305	\$	9,272,437	\$	166,473	(28,048,579)
				eral Revenue	es:				
				operty taxes:					
				evied for gen					210,232
				evied for del					4,755,881
				evied for cap		projects			976,453
				and gas taxe					5,120,447
				te Equalizati					23,517,249
				restricted Fed					798,133
					estm	ent earnings			18,683
			Mis	scellaneous					405,560
				Total genera	al rev	venues			35,802,638
	Change in net position 7,754,0							7,754,059	
	Net position - beginning of year (26,606,685)							(26,606,685)	
			Net po	osition - end	of ye	ear			\$ (18,852,626)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund			Capital Projects			
		Operational 11000		Transportation 13000		Capital provements B-9 (Local) 31701	Debt Service 41000
ASSETS							
Current assets:			_		_		
Cash and temporary investments	\$	10,434,517	\$	37,186	\$	3,815,605	\$ 9,359,720
Accounts receivable Taxes		54,525				232,670	1,028,168
Due from other governments		34,323		-		276,225	1,020,100
Interfund receivables		974,331		-		270,223	-
Other		90,262		-		-	-
Prepaids		90,202		492,469		-	-
Inventory		333,031		23,418		_	_
inventory		333,031		25,410			
Total assets		11,886,666		553,073		4,324,500	 10,387,888
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		81,996		15,490		71,554	152,483
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,681,795		-		-	-
Interfund payables		-		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		1,763,791		15,490		71,554	 152,483
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		8,312		_		44,358	196,641
Unavailable revenues - other		5,512		_		-	170,011
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,312		_		44,358	 196,641
	-		-			,	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		333,031		515,887		-	-
Restricted for:							
Transportation		-		21,696		-	-
Instructional materials		-		-		-	-
Grant mandates		-		-		- 1 101 404	-
Capital projects		-		-		1,121,424	-
Debt service		- 0.102.020		-		2 007 174	2,591,778
Assigned		9,103,039		-		3,087,164	7,446,986
Unassigned	-	678,493		-		-	
Total fund balances		10,114,563		537,583		4,208,588	 10,038,764
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	11,886,666	\$	553,073	\$	4,324,500	\$ 10,387,888

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total Primary Government	
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	4,586,945	\$	28,233,973	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	1,000,710	Ψ	20,200,770	
Taxes		103,594		1,418,957	
Due from other governments		2,278,708		2,554,933	
Interfund receivables		2,270,700		974,331	
Other		-		90,262	
Prepaids		_		492,469	
Inventory		51,456		407,905	
mventory		31,430		407,703	
Total assets		7,020,703	34,172,830		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		361		321,884	
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		1,681,795	
Interfund payables		974,331		974,331	
Unearned revenue		11,738		11,738	
Total liabilities		986,430		2,989,748	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		17,824		267,135	
Unavailable revenues - other		5,273		5,273	
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,097	272,408		
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		51,456		900,374	
Restricted for:					
Transportation		-		21,696	
Instructional materials		-		-	
Grant mandates		1,189,080		1,189,080	
Capital projects		362,858		1,484,282	
Debt service		266,254		2,858,032	
Assigned		4,152,085		23,789,274	
Unassigned		(10,557)		667,936	
Total fund balances		6,011,176		30,910,674	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	7,020,703	\$	34,172,830	

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET

ECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Funds			
mounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	30,910,674		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is		151,323,497 (99,136,809)		
Right-of-use assets, net of accumulated amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		121,374		
Revenues not collected within sixty days after year-end are considered "available" revenues and are shown as deferred revenues on the balance sheet.				
Delinquent property taxes State revenues		267,135 5,273		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.				
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred costs on refunding		111,545		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		33,307,469		
Deferred outflows of resources - other post-employment benefits		3,481,423		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(56,519,010)		
Deferred inflows of resources - other post-employment benefits		(6,850,569)		
Bond issuance costs, including original issue discounts and premiums are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Bond premiums net of accumulated amortization		(523,964)		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consist of:				
Accrued interest payable		(326,941)		
Capital lease obligations		(123,182)		
Bonds payable		(21,665,000)		
Accrued compensated absences		(345,773)		
Net pension liability		(40,426,910)		
Net other post-employment benefits liability		(12,462,858)		
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	(18,852,626)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund				Capital Projects			
						Capital		
						rovements		Debt
	Operational		Tra	nsportation		9 (Local)		Service
_		11000		13000		31701		41000
Revenues:			_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	210,916	\$	-	\$	980,830	\$	4,331,003
Oil and gas taxes		209,114		-		836,464		3,694,250
State grants		23,862,944		1,103,683		27,073		-
Federal grants		57,827		-		-		304,966
Miscellaneous		94,217		116		288,201		-
Charges for services		370,837		-		-		-
Investment income		17,106				-		1,040
Total revenues		24,822,961		1,103,799		2,132,568		8,331,259
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		14,650,421		-		-		_
Support services		, ,						
Students		2,187,916		-		-		_
Instruction		511,380		-		-		_
General administration		874,698		-		9,835		43,429
School administration		2,292,965		-		-		· -
Central services		1,025,307		-		-		_
Operation & maintenance of plant		3,472,460		-		-		_
Student transportation		-		1,096,778		-		_
Other support services		-		-		-		_
Food services operations		-		_		-		_
Community services		-		_		-		_
Capital outlay		-		_		1,711,535		_
Debt service						_,,		
Principal		-		_		58,877		4,785,000
Interest		-		_		4,657		1,004,662
Bond issuance costs		-		_		-,		-,, -
Total expenditures		25,015,147		1,096,778		1,784,904		5,833,091
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , ,		
over (under) expenditures		(192,186)		7,021		347,664		2,498,168
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from bond issues								
Isuance of lease obligations		-		-		182,059		-
Total other financing sources (uses)						182,059		
Total other financing sources (uses)						102,039		
Net changes in fund balances		(192,186)		7,021		529,723		2,498,168
Fund balances - beginning of year		10,306,749		530,562		3,678,865		7,540,596
Fund balances - end of year	\$	10,114,563	\$	537,583	\$	4,208,588	\$	10,038,764

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Primary Government
Revenues:	1 01100	
Property taxes	\$ 445,641	\$ 5,968,390
Oil and gas taxes	380,619	5,120,447
State grants	1,126,213	26,119,913
Federal grants	7,284,278	7,647,071
Miscellaneous	23,026	405,560
Charges for services	369,468	740,305
Investment income	537	18,683
Total revenues	9,629,782	46,020,369
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction	3,865,864	18,516,285
Support services		
Students	992,399	3,180,315
Instruction	25,863	537,243
General administration	307,555	1,235,517
School administration	290,188	2,583,153
Central services	-	1,025,307
Operation & maintenance of plant	54,000	3,526,460
Student transportation	-	1,096,778
Other support services	-	-
Food services operations	1,748,637	1,748,637
Community services	4,470	4,470
Capital outlay	765,379	2,476,914
Debt service		
Principal	585,000	5,428,877
Interest	-	1,009,319
Bond issuance costs		
Total expenditures	8,639,355	42,369,275
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures	990,427	3,651,094
Other financing sources (uses):		
Proceeds from bond issues	585,000	585,000
Isuance of lease obligations		182,059
Total other financing sources (uses)	585,000	767,059
Net changes in fund balances	1,575,427	4,418,153
Fund balances - beginning of year	4,435,749	26,492,521
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 6,011,176	\$ 30,910,674

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		vernmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,418,153
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays for the period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays		(3,304,566) 1,238,181
Revenues not collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds. They are considered revenues in the Statement of Activities. The increase (decrease) in revenues receivable for the year end were:		
Unavailable revenue related to the property taxes receivable Other unavailable revenues		(25,824) (12,692)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:		
Amortization of debt refunding Amortization of bond premium Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences Capital lease obligation issues Debt proceeds Debt principle payments		(56,750) 323,107 56,309 (2,537) (123,182) (585,000) 5,370,000
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Difference between prior year pension contributions per entity and amount reported in the pension report Pension contributions - current year Pension (expense) income Other post-employment benefits contributions - current year Other post-employment benefits (expense) income		2,825,505 (3,955,346) 371,859 1,216,842
Change in net position - total governmental activities	\$	7,754,059

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL OPERATIONAL FUND (11000)

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

Budgeted Amounts

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Budget		F	inal Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	202,998	\$	202,998	\$	211,477	\$	8,479
Oil and gas taxzes		122,873		122,873		173,963		51,090
State grants		23,078,047		23,862,944		23,862,944		-
Federal grants		205,995		205,995		60,283		(145,712)
Miscellaneous		69,749		69,749		65,515		(4,234)
Charges for services		191,504		191,504		370,837		179,333
Investment income		1,487		1,487		17,106		15,619
Total revenues		23,872,653		24,657,550		24,762,125		104,575
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		18,085,713		20,708,154		14,796,084		5,912,070
Support services								
Students		2,439,348		3,770,913		2,187,916		1,582,997
Instruction		387,210		512,210		511,380		830
General administration		1,144,174		1,205,704		901,762		303,942
School administration		2,788,432		2,834,887		2,292,965		541,922
Central services		1,223,947		1,295,047		1,025,307		269,740
Operation & maintenance of plant		4,300,816		4,464,116		3,502,164		961,952
Student transportation		-		-, 10 1,110		-		-
Other support services		22,583		22,583		_		22,583
Food services operations		22,303		22,303		_		22,303
Community services		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest				-				
Total expenditures		30,392,223		34,813,614		25,217,578		9,596,036
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-	(6,519,570)		(10,156,064)		(455,453)		9,700,611
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		6,519,570		10,156,064		-		(10,156,064)
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-				_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,519,570		10,156,064				(10,156,064)
Net change in fund balance						(455,453)		(455,453)
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		11,864,301		11,864,301
Prior period adjustments		-		-				-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year	_			-		11,864,301		11,864,301
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$		\$		\$	11,408,848	\$	11,408,848
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	(455,453)		
Adjustments to revenues						60,836		
Adjustments to expenditures						202,431		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(192,186)		
(31 11 0 0 0 0)						(=: 2,100)		

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION FUND (13000)

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-
State grants		1,076,925		1,102,691		1,103,683		992
Federal grants		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		116		116
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-						-
Total revenues		1,076,925	-	1,102,691		1,103,799		1,108
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		-		-		-		-
Support services								
Students		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		1,076,925		1,102,691		1,104,385		(1,694)
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		- 1 101 207		- (1 (0 ()
Total expenditures		1,076,925		1,102,691		1,104,385		(1,694)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						(504)		(504)
over (under) expenditures						(586)		(586)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues				-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balance						(586)		(586)
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		37,772		37,772
Prior period adjustments				-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year				-		37,772		37,772
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	37,186	\$	37,186
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	(586)		
Adjustments to revenues					4	-		
Adjustments to expenditures						7,607		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	7,021		
						.,		



NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 (the "District") is a public school District governed by an elected five-member Board of Education created under the provision of Chapter 22 Article 5, Paragraph 4, New Mexico Statutes 1978 to provide public education for the children within the District boundaries. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the District's management that is responsible for the financial statements. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

- In June 2017, GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*, was issued. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.
- In June 2018, GASB Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.
- > In January 2020, GASB Statement No. 92 *Omnibus*, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature.
- In March 2020, GASB Statement No. 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, was issued. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate.
- In June 2020, GASB Statement No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39. GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basis, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criteria used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District does not have a component unit and is not a component unit of another government agency.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities and changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the statement of activities. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which the taxes are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

GASB No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, amend GASB No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, to incorporate deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the financial reporting model.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets; therefore, it is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities; therefore, it is not recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position – the residual of the net effects of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District, and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the Operational, Transportation, and Instructional Materials Funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the District is required to present some of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following:

The *Operational Fund* (11000) accounts for the primary revenues and expenditures of the District, including, but not limited to, student instruction, student support, instructional support, general administration, school administration, central services, and operations and maintenance of plant. Revenues come from district tax levy, state equalization, and other local, state, and federal sources. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Transportation Fund* (13000) accounts for state equalization funds authorized by Section 22-8-26, NMSA, 1978 designated for the costs of transporting school-age children who are students within the District. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

Capital Improvements SB-9 (Local) (31701) – To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to, and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by a special tax levy as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act. (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

The *Debt Service Fund* (41000) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Cash and Temporary Investments: The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the District to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond. The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit. Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Restricted Assets: The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside as restricted to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account.

Receivables and Payables: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The District receives monthly income from a tax levy in San Juan County. The funds are collected by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the District the following month. Under the modified accrual method of accounting, the amount remitted by the San Juan County Treasurer in July and August 2022 is considered 'measurable and available' and, accordingly, is recorded as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2022. Certain Special Revenue Funds are administered on a reimbursement method of funding; other funds are operated on a cash advance method of funding. The funds incurred the cost and submitted the necessary request for reimbursement or advance, respectively.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventory: The District accounts for its inventories under the consumption method, reporting inventories purchased as an asset. The recognition of the expenditures is deferred until the period in which the inventories are actually consumed. Inventory in the Food Services Fund consists of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased food is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). Capital expenditures made by the New Mexico Public Schools Facilities Authority are appropriately included in the District's capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The District expenses the cost of library books when purchased because their

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

estimated useful life is less than one year. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10-30 years
Buildings/building improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	7-12 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources – **Deferred Costs on Debt Refunding**: Refunding of debt may result in a deferred outflow of resources when the reacquisition price exceeds the net carrying amount of the remaining principal balance and any related premium on the remaining balance. The District has \$111,545 remaining in deferred costs on debt refunding.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – Pensions: The government-wide financial statements report pension related expenses and liabilities for the cost-sharing plan one year in arrears, i.e. expenses and liabilities as of **June 30**, **2021**. Contributions of \$2,825,505 made by the District in the current fiscal year are thus applicable to a future reporting period where they will then be expensed. As such, they are presented in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources in the current period. The District may have four other deferred outflows which arise due to the implementation of GASB 68; change in proportion \$395,235; change in assumptions \$26,910,222; investment experience \$3,176,507; and actuarial experience which has no balance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – OPEB: The government-wide financial statements report pension related expenses and liabilities for the cost-sharing plan one year in arrears, i.e. expenses and liabilities as of **June 30**, **2021**. Contributions of \$371,859 made by the District in the current fiscal year are thus applicable to a future reporting period where they will then be expensed. As such, they are presented in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources in the current period. The District may have four other deferred outflows which arise due to the implementation of GASB 75; change in proportion \$432,161; change in assumptions \$2,495,180; actuarial experience \$182,223; and investment experience which has no balances in the current year.

Unearned Revenues: The District recognizes grant revenue at the time the related expense is made if the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for reimbursement; therefore, amounts received and not expended in the Special Revenue Funds are shown as unearned revenues. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$11,738 in unearned revenues.

Compensated Absences: Vacation leave (annual leave) is an accrued and authorized absence for rest, recreation, or other purposes. Vacation leave will be approved and granted after its accrual and not in advance of accrual. If workloads disallow vacation, the Superintendent may approve vacation days to carry forward into the next contract year. Upon the end of the employment contract, no payment shall be made for more than forty (40) days of unused vacation (annual leave) for twelve (12) month employees. Total compensated absences were \$345,773 at June 30, 2022. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the district-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. For bonds issued after the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, bond premiums and discounts, will be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds and notes payable of \$21,665,000 as of June 30, 2022 are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond insurance issuance costs will be reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leased Assets - Lessee: A lease liability is reported in the governmentwide financial statements and is calculated as the present value of the remaining lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term. Additionally, a leased asset, or intangible right of use asset, is recognized that is equal to the lease liability, with a few adjustments for other items that must be reflected in those balances, such as prepaid or deferred rent and amounts required to place the asset into operation at the beginning of the lease. Leased assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the asset life or the lease agreement. Lease liabilities are amortized using an effective interest rate method to recognize lease expense and interest expense on the lease. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$123,182 in outstanding lease obligations.

Lease payments are reported as a lease expenditure in the governmental funds when paid from the current financial resources.

All short-term leases with a maximum noncancelable term of 12 months or less, regardless of whether all noncancelable terms (e.g., renewals) are expected to be exercised, have been excluded from recognition on the statement of financial position.

Certain non-financial asset-based lease agreements are out of scope of reporting, such as leases of intangible assets, leases of biological assets, inventory leases, supply contracts, service concession arrangements, or other certain agreement types, such as assets financed with outstanding conduit debt.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Plan (ERP) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Pension Liability: The District records its proportionate share of the difference between the value of total pension liabilities and plan assets for the State of New Mexico's Employee Retirement Board pension plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the net pension liability totaled \$40,426,910.

Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB): For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability: The District records its proportionate share of the difference between the value of total other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and plan assets for the State of New Mexico's Retiree Health Care plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022 net OPEB liability totaled \$12,462,858.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenues: Governmental funds report unavailable revenues in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenues not received within sixty (60) days of year-end are not considered available; therefore, a receivable is recorded for the amount due and a corresponding deferred revenue, is recorded as well. Total unavailable revenues of \$267,135 for property taxes and \$5,273 for grants were recorded at June 30, 2022.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Pensions: Change in actuarial experience \$99,552; change in investment experience \$10,053,352; change in proportion \$326,284; and changes of assumptions \$46,039,822 for the District are applicable to a future reporting period and will be expensed over an established period beginning in the next fiscal year. As such, these amounts are presented in the Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows of resources in the current period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – **OPEB:** Changes in actuarial experience \$1,987,567, change in investment experience \$357,237; change in assumptions \$4,505,765; and change in proportion which has no balance for the District are applicable to a future reporting period and will be expensed over a five-year period beginning in the next fiscal year. As such, these amounts are presented in the Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows of resources in the current period.

Net Position or Fund Equity: Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted Net Position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The restricted component consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted Net Position: All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

Fund Balance: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Some governments may not have policies or procedures that are comparable to those policies that underlie the classifications and therefore would not report amounts in all possible fund balance classifications. In the governmental financial statements, fund balance is classified and is displayed in five components:

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Nonspendable: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. Restricted: Consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes as a result of a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Consist of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned: Consist of amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned: Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Revenues

Reclassifications: Certain amounts included in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the District's financials include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978 is at least equal to the District's program cost. A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education; 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$23,517,249 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Revenues (Continued)

Tax Revenues: The District receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues primarily for debt service and capital outlay purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. In the government-wide financial statements, the District recognizes property tax revenues in the period for which they are levied, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts. The District records only the portion of the taxes considered to be 'measurable' and 'available' in the government fund financial statements, which is within 60 days of year-end. Descriptions of the individual debt service and capital outlay funds contained in these financial statements include information regarding the authority for the collection and use of these taxes. In the financial statements, the mill levy and ad-valorem taxes are broken out into two types: property taxes – residential and commercial and property taxes – oil and gas. Amounts collected from residential and commercial property taxes at June 30, 2022 were 5,968,390 and \$5,120,447 were collected from oil and gas taxes.

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public-School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$1,103,683 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal material leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. The District received no revenue from the State for the year ended June 30, 2022.

SB-9 State Match: The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public-school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary. The District received \$139,400 in revenue from the State for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Public School Capital Outlay: Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, NMSA 1978. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program per Section 22-24-4(B); core administrative functions of the public school facilities authority and for project management expenses upon approval of the council per Section 22-24-4(G); and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities, upon application by a school district to the council, per Section 22-24-4(L). During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received no public school capital outlay funds and no special capital outlay funds. Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received no special capital outlay funds.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Revenues (Continued)

Federal Grants: The District receives revenues from various federal departments (both direct and indirect), which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the federal department or the flow through agency (usually the New Mexico Public Education Department). The various budgets are approved by the local school board and the New Mexico Public Education Department. The District also receives reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food services operations, and the distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the School Budget and Planning Unit of the Public Education Department. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted. Public School Capital Outlay Council expenditures in the Public-School Capital Outlay fund are not budgeted at the District level, so there is no budgetary comparison presented. These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the ending cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget at the function level, the level of budgetary control for districts. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series,' this may be accomplished with only local board of education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division. The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the local school board submits to the District Budget Planning Unit (DBPU) of the New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) (100%) a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets are submitted to the State of New Mexico PED.
- 2. In May or June of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the DBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The school board meeting, while not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called.
- 4. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the DBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 5. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the DBPU.
- 6. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.
- 7. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the DBPU.

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 8. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.
- 9. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflect the approved budget and amendments thereto.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

The board of education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. New Mexico state law prohibits a governmental a gency from exceeding an individual line item. The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non- GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2022, is presented on each funds' Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual.

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2022. Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateralized as required by the statute.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit. Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States Government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest-bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

New Mexico state statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution in excess of federal deposit insurance. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments (Continued)

Deposits

	Citizens Bank
Total amounts of deposits FDIC coverage	\$ 26,181,961 250,000
Total uninsured public funds	25,931,961
Collateral requirement (50% of uninsured public funds)	12,965,981
Pledged security	15,208,212
Total over (under) collateralized	\$ 2,242,231

The funds are maintained in interest bearing and non-interest-bearing checking accounts in Citizens Bank.

The types of collateral allowed are limited by the section 6-10-16, NMSA 1978.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978).

Deposits – The risk exists when a portion of the District's deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are:

- 1. Uncollateralized;
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution; or
- 3. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor's (District's) name.

At June 30, 2022, \$25,931,961 of the District's bank balance of \$26,181,961 was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was uninsured and the collateral was not held in the District's name.

Reconciliation of Cash and Temporary Investments to the Financial Statements

The carrying amount of deposits and investments shown above are included in the District's Statement of Net Position as follows:

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position

Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet

Cash and cash equivalents per Exhibit A-1	\$	28,233,973
Less petty cash		(134)
Less funds held in trust investments		(2,352,598)
Add outstanding checks and other reconciling items		300,720
		_
Bank balance of deposits	_\$_	26,181,961

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments (Continued)

Reconciliation of Cash and Temporary Investments to the Financial Statements

The District utilized pooled accounts for their programs and funds. Negative cash balances in individual funds that were part of the pooled accounts should be reclassified as due to/due from accounts in the combining balance sheets at June 30, 2022. Funds 24000 through 25000 are federal funds, 26000 through 29000 funds are non-federal funds. The funds listed in interfund payables in Note 5 are the funds which had negative cash balances as of June 30, 2022:

Investments

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$2,352,597 held in trust by the Bank of Albuquerque. Those funds are held in a U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund. The District does not have the legal authority to move these funds from the trust institution. Information regarding the funds is as follows:

			Ratings		Net	
Fund	CUSIP	WAM	S&P	Moody's	Assets	
Cavanal Hill Funds	_					
Government Securities Money Market Fund	14956P703	12 days	AAAm	Aaa-mf	\$ 935,421,575	

Interest Rate Risk for Investments. The District does not have a written policy for limiting interest rate risk. However, the average maturity of certificates of deposit is twelve months or less, which is an effective limit of interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to bonds or negotiable securities of the U.S. Government, the State, municipalities, or school district securities issued by the U.S. Government (or its agencies, either direct obligations or backed and guaranteed by the U.S. Government) and repurchase agreements with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. Investments which are over 5% of total investments are the amounts invested in the Invesco Institutional U.S. Treasury Money Market Funds which are invested by the trust institution Bank of Albuquerque.

NOTE 4 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

			M	ajor Funds					
				Capital	Debt	Other	Total		
	Operational		Improv. SB-9		Improv. SB-9		Service	Governmental	Governmental
		11000	_	31701	41000	Funds	Funds		
Taxes receivable	\$	54,525	\$	232,670	\$ 1,028,168	\$ 103,594	\$ 1,418,957		
Due from other governments		-		276,225	-	2,278,708	2,554,933		
Other		90,262					90,262		
Total receivables	\$	144,787	\$	508,895	\$ 1,028,168	\$ 2,382,302	\$ 4,064,152		

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB No. 33, property tax revenues in the amount of \$267,135 and grant revenues in the amount of \$5,273 were not collected within the period of availability.

NOTE 5 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

"Interfund balances" have primarily been recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash when the District is waiting for grant reimbursements. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables	
Major Funds:				
Operational (11000)	\$	974,331	\$ -	
Non-major Funds:				
Title I IASA (24101)		-	150,532	
IDEA-B Entitlement (24106)		-	187,060	
IDEA B Preschool (24109)		-	8,333	
Education of the Homeless (24113)		-	19,905	
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (24118)		-	10	
English Language Acquisition (24153)		-	743	
Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting (24154)		-	27,188	
Student Support Academic Achievement Title IV (24189)		-	30,016	
CRRSA ESSER II (24308)		-	129,605	
ESSER Social/Emotional Learning (24309)		-	3,074	
CRRSA ESSER III (24330)		-	31,527	
Johnson O'Malley (25131)		-	41,964	
Indian Education Grant (25184)		-	15,563	
2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) (27107)		-	8,841	
STEM Professional Development (27135)		-	5,273	
PreK Initiative (27149)		-	273,730	
Kindergarten Three Plus (27150)		-	9,098	
Family Income Index (27407)		-	24,131	
Covid Testing (28211)		-	7,738	
Totals	\$	974,331	\$ 974,331	

All interfund balances are expected to be repaid or closed out within one year.

There were no interfund transfers or reversions to the state during the year.

NOTE 6 Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2022 follows. Land and construction in progress is not subject to depreciation.

Capital assets used in governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2021 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,164,172	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,164,172
Construction in progress	-	932,708	(537,097)	395,611
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,164,172	932,708	(537,097)	4,559,783
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	5,714,710	-	-	5,714,710
Buildings and building improvements	134,127,652	633,763	-	134,761,415
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	6,272,007	26,748	(11,166)	6,287,589
Total capital assets being depreciated	146,114,369	660,511	(11,166)	146,763,714
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	3,854,558	233,768	-	4,088,326
Buildings and building improvements	86,804,144	2,841,899	-	89,646,043
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5,245,392	168,214	(11,166)	5,402,440
Total accumulated depreciation	95,904,094	3,243,881	(11,166)	99,136,809
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 54,374,447	\$ (1,650,662)	\$ (537,097)	\$52,186,688

Depreciation was allocated for the year as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$ 1,670,767
Support services - students	280,507
Support services - instruction	57,345
Support services - general administration	91,175
School administration	223,106
Central services	269,880
Operation and maintenance of plant	337,019
Student transportation	139,817
Food services	 174,265
Total depreciation	\$ 3,243,881
	 ·

At June 30, 2022, the District had a minor outstanding construction commitment at year-end.

The Schedule of Capital Assets Used by Source, and the Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function and Activity have not been prepared because the detailed information is unavailable.

NOTE 7 Long-Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position:

	Balance at 06/30/21 Additions]	Deletions	Balance at 06/30/22	Due Within One Year		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	20,450,000	\$ -	\$	4,785,000	\$ 15,665,000	\$	4,770,000
Qualified School Construction Bond		6,000,000	-		-	6,000,000		500,000
Ed Tech Notes		-	585,000		585,000	-		-
Compensated Absences		343,236	 349,776		347,239	 345,773		345,773
Total	\$	26,793,236	\$ 934,776	\$	5,717,239	\$ 22,010,773	\$	5,615,773

General Obligation Bonds: GO Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The District has three outstanding general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2022. All general obligation bonds are for governmental activities.

Issue Date	2011	2014	2017
	GO Bond	GO Bond	GO Bond
	6/21/2011	10/14/2014	2/22/2017
Original Issue Maturity Date Principal Interest Rate Principal/Interest Interest	\$20,875,000	\$13,615,000	\$10,895,000
	9/1/2022	10/1/2022	9/1/2030
	1-Sep	1-Oct	1-Sep
	3.00% to 5.00%	2.00%	3.00% to 5.00%
	1-Sep	1-Oct	1-Sep
	1-Mar	1-Apr	1-Mar
Issue Date	2010 GO Bond 8/17/2010		
Original Issue Maturity Date Principal Interest Rate Principal/Interest Interest	\$6,000,000 8/1/2027 1-Aug 5.851% 1-Aug 1-Feb		

NOTE 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments are as follows:

Total	General	Ohligation	on Bonds
1 Otal	General	ODITEATIO	on bonds

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		rincipal Interest			Total Debt Service		
2023	\$	4,770,000	\$	837,460	\$	5,607,460		
2024		1,200,000		728,710		1,928,710		
2025		1,235,000		692,185		1,927,185		
2026		1,275,000		654,535		1,929,535		
2027		1,315,000		602,535		1,917,535		
2028-2032		5,870,000		586,380		6,456,380		
Totals	\$	15,665,000	\$	4,101,805	\$	19,766,805		

No assets or revenues of the District are pledged for the general obligation bonds. The District receives property tax revenues from the assessed property within the school district limits to pay the principal and interest on the general obligation bonds.

Ed Tech Notes

The District issued one Ed Tech note during the year in the amount of \$585,000 which it paid off on the next day.

Qualified School Construction Bond

The District issued a "Qualified School Construction Bond" (GO Bond Series 2010) in the amount of \$6,000,000. The proceeds were used for new construction projects and the repairs of existing facilities. The bond issue was authorized under section 54 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The Act amended section 54A(d)(1) to provide that the term "qualified tax credit bond" means, in part, a qualified school construction bond that is part of an issue that meets the requirements of section 54A(d)(2), (3), (4), (5), and (6). The District paid interest of \$46,094 on the bond issue and received a "subsidy" for the remaining interest due on this bond issue. The holders of the bonds will receive a tax credit in lieu of interest payments. The "subsidy" effectively reduces the District's interest payments by \$304,966.

Additionally, the District was required to fund a sinking fund beginning August 1, 2013. The fund will have a yield of 4.35% and must be funded as follows:

Balance and Funding of Sinking Fund							
Current Balance	\$	2,900,000					
Future Funding Requirements August 1, Principal		Principal	Interest Before Subsidy		Total Debt Service		
2023	\$	600,000	\$	351,060	\$	951,060	
2024		600,000		351,060		951,060	
2025		600,000		351,060		951,060	
2026		600,000		351,060		951,060	
2027		700,000		351,060		1,051,060	
Total future amounts	\$	3,100,000	\$	1,755,300	\$	4,855,300	
Total at August 1, 2027	\$	6,000,000					

NOTE 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

In prior years, the general fund was typically used to liquidate long-term liabilities other than debt.

Compensated Absences: Administrative employees of the District are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year June 30, 2022, compensated absences increased \$2,537 over the prior year accrual. See Note 1 for more details.

NOTE 8 Leases

Lease Obligations: During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*. The District has one lease agreement for 48 copiers. A summary of the right-of-use assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Right-of-use asset				
Equipment		182,059		182,059
Total right-of-use asset	-	182,059		182,059
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Equipment		60,686		60,686
Total accumulated amortization	-	60,686		60,686
Right-of-use assets, net	\$ -	\$ 121,373	\$ -	\$ 121,373

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in the lease liability related to the right-of-use assets reported above in the governmentwide statement of net position.

	Bala	ince at					В	alance at	Du	e Within
	June 3	30, 2021	A	Additions	D	eletions	Jun	e 30, 2022	0	ne Year
Lease obligations	\$	-	\$	182,059	\$	58,877	\$	123,182	\$	60,668
Total	\$	-	\$	182,059	\$	58,877	\$	123,182	\$	60,668

The annual requirements to amortize the leases as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		I1	nterest	Total Debt Service	
2023	\$	60,668	\$	2,866	\$	63,534
2024		62,514		1,020		63,534
Totals	\$	123,182	\$	3,886	\$	127,068

A summary of the lease obligation information is as follows:

	Lease	Maturity	Monthly		Original	
Lease	Start Date	Date	Payment	Interest Rate	Amount	Balance
Canon Copier Lease	July 2019	June 2024	\$5,295	3.0%	\$ 182,059	\$ 123,182

NOTE 9 Unearned Revenues

In accordance with the terms of the various grant agreements within the Special Revenue Funds, revenues received in excess of expenditures carry over to the subsequent years, unless such excess revenues are requested to be returned to the grantor. The District had \$11,738 of unearned revenues at June 30, 2022:

NOTE 10 Risk Management

The District is a member of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the NMPSIA based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes workers compensation, general and automobile liability, automobile physical damage, and property and crime coverage. Also included under the risk management program are boiler, machinery and student accident insurance.

The NMPSIA provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000,000 for each property damage claim with a \$750 deductible for each building. General liability coverage is afforded to all employees, volunteers and school board members and the limit is subject to the NMSA Tort Claims Act on a per occurrence basis. The automobile and property liability limit is subject to the provisions of the Tort Claims Act. The crime limit is \$250,000 per occurrence for Faithful Performance. A limit of \$250,000 applies to depositor's forgery, credit card forgery and money orders. A limit of \$100,000 applies to Money and Security, which includes a \$750 deductible. In case the NMPSIA's assets are not sufficient to meet its liability claims, the agreement provides that subscribers, including the District, cannot be assessed additional premiums to cover the shortfall. As of June 30, 2022, there have been no claims that have exceeded insurance coverages.

NOTE 11 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the combined statements of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance of individual funds. The following funds reported a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2022:

Fund#	Fund Description		mount
24118	Fresh Fruits and Vegetables	\$	10
24153	English Language Acquisition		496
27107	2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66)		223
27135	STEM Professional Development		5,273
27149	PreK Initiative		482
	Total	\$	6,484

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the following funds reported an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

Fund#	Amount		
Major	Funds:		
41000	Debt Service - County Tax Collection	\$	8,585

NOTE 11 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures (Continued)

C. Cash appropriations in excess of available cash balance. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the following funds had cash appropriations in excess of available cash balance.

		0	riginal	Actual		
Fund#	Non-major Funds:	Cas	h Budget	Cash	Dif	ference
25131	Johnson O'Malley	\$	23,940	\$ (26,834)	\$	(50,774)

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act

Plan Description. The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's annual comprehensive financial report. The report can be found on NMERB's web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual report.html.

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employments, as defined Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, colleges, junior and community colleges, technical-vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, regional education cooperatives, the New Mexico Activities Associations, and certain employees at state agencies that provide an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Pension Benefit. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: 1) the member's final average salary (FAS), 2) the number of years of service credit, and 3) a multiplier.

For members hired on or before June 30, 2019 (Tiers 1-3) the multiplier is 2.35%. For members hired after June 30, 2019 the multiplier accrues as follows:

Years of Service	Benefit Percentage Earned
10 or less	1.35%
10.25 to 20	2.35%
20.25 to 30	3.35%
30.25 plus	2.40

FAS is the average of the member's fiscal annual earnings for the last 20 calendar service quarters (60 months) prior to retirement or the highest average fiscal annual earning for any 20 consecutive calendar quarters.

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility by Tier.

Tier 1: Membership prior to July 1, 2010 – For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 75 or more.
- > The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- ➤ The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Tier 2: Membership on or after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on, or after, July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013 – or before July1, 2010, terminated employment, subsequently withdrew all contributions, and then becomes re-employed after July 1, 2010. Theses members must meet one of the following requirements.

- ➤ The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Tier 3: Membership beginning on or after July 1, 2013, but prior to July 1, 2019

Section 2-11-23.2, NMSA 1978 added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013, or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements.

- The member's minimum age is 55 and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. (Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.)
- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. (Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit will receive reduced retirement benefits.)
- The member's age is 67, and the member has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Tier 4: Membership beginning on or after July 1, 2019

Section 2-11-23.3, NMSA 1978, added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2019 and had, before that date, been refunded all member contributions and had not restored all refunded contribution and interest before July 1, 2019. A member in this tier must meet one of the following requirements.

- ➤ The member's minimum age must be 58, and the member has earned 30 or more years of service credit. (A member who retires earlier than age 58, receives a reduction in benefits equal to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 58.)
- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. (Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit, receive reduced retirement benefits.)
- > Or, the member's age is 67, and the member has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Forms of Payment. The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Benefit Options. The Plan has three benefit options available.

- ➤ Option A Straight Life Benefit The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is not continuing benefit due to a beneficiary or estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.
- ➤ Option B Joint 100% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life Benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.
- ➤ Option C Joint 50% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life Benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

Disability Benefit. An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA). All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic adjustment in their benefit on July 1 following the year a member retires or July 1 following the year a member reaches the age below, whichever is later.

Membership	Age Eligible for Cola
Tier 1	65
Tier 2	65
Tier 3	67
Tier 4	67

If a member is eligible for a COLA, the amount depends on the annual change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and whether the fund is fully funded (that is, the fund's funded ration is 100%). Accordingly, if there is no increase in the CPI, or the CPI is negative, the amount of the COLA will be zero (if the CPI is negative, retirement benefits will not be decreased).

When CPI has increased and the fund is fully funded, the COLA will be the same amount as the increase in the CPI except as follows: If the increase in the CPI is 2% or greater, the COLA will be one-half of the CPI increase, not to exceed 4% or to be less than 2%.

However, while the fund is not fully funded, the COLA for retirees will be reduced based on the median annual retirement benefit, calculated after the end of each fiscal year:

- When the funded ratio is 90% or less, the COLA for retirees whose annuity is at or below the median and who have 25 or more years of service credit at retirement will be reduced by 10%. For retires whose annuity is either greater than the median or who have less than 25 years of service credit at retirement, the COLA will be reduced by 20%.
- When the funded ratio exceeds 90% but is less than 100% the COLA for retirees whose annuity is at or below the median adjusted annuity and who had 25 or more years of service credit at retirement and will be reduced by 5%. For retires whose annuity is either greater than the median or who have less than 25 years of service credit at retirement, the COLA will be reduced by 10%.

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions. Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule:

Fiscal		Wage	Member	Employer	Combined	Increase Over
Year	Date Range	Category	Rate	Rate	Rate	Prior Year
2022	7-1-21 to 6-30-22	Over \$24K	10.70%	15.15%	25.85%	1.00%
2022	7-1-21 to 6-30-22	\$24K or less	7.90%	15.15%	23.05%	1.00%
2021	7-1-20 to 6-30-21	Over \$24K	10.70%	14.15%	24.85%	0.25%
2021	7-1-20 to 6-30-21	\$24K or less	7.90%	14.15%	22.05%	0.25%

The contribution requirements are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021 the District paid employee and employer contributions of \$4,745,894 and \$4,452,871 which equals the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$40,426,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. On April 17, 2020, NMERB's Board of Trustees adopted new assumptions presented in the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study. Those new assumptions have been reflected in the roll-forward and in the projections used to determine the single discount rate.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating educational institutions, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.57040%, which was an decrease of 0.00343% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,326,658. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

	Deferred	Deferred	Net
	Outflows of	Inflows of	(Inflows)
	Resources	Resources	Outflows
Differences between expected and actuarial experience	\$ -	\$ (99,552)	\$ (99,552)
Changes of assumptions	26,910,222	(46,039,822)	(19,129,600)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	3,176,507.00	(10,053,352)	(6,876,845)
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	395,235	(326,284)	68,951
District's contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	2,825,505		2,825,505
Total	\$ 33,307,469	\$(56,519,010)	\$(23,211,541)

Reported deferred outflows of resources of \$2,825,505 related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2022	\$ (1,334,915)
2023	(12,238,916)
2024	(9,108,779)
2025	(3,354,436)
2026	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$(26,037,046)

Actuarial assumptions. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. On April 17, 2020, the Board adopted the new assumptions presented in the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.3%
Salary Increases	3.00% composed of 2.30% inflation, plus a 0.70% productivity increase rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 5 years of service.
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of an assumed 2.30% inflation rate and a 4.70% real rate of return.

Healthy males: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year and scaled at 95%. Generational mortality improvements in accordance

with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020.

Healthy females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate

MP scales are projected from the year 2020.

Mortality

NOTE 12 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- > Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Equities	31%	
Fixed Income	24%	
Alternatives	44%	
Cash	1%	
Total	100%	7.00%

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021. This is an increase of 3.11% from June 30, 2020. The 7.00% single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projections of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

Current								
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase								
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)						
\$ 57,240,007	\$ 40,426,910	\$ 26,532,565						

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NMERB's financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual reports.html.

Payables to the pension plan. The District remits the legally required employer and employee contributions on a monthly basis to ERB. The ERB requires that the contributions be remitted by the 15th day of the month following the month for which contributions are withheld. At June 30, 2022 the contributions due and payable by the District were \$851,035 which were paid in July 2022.

NOTE 13 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA)

Plan Description: Employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits Provided: The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2021, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	53,092
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,754
Current active members	92,484
Total	157,330
Active membership	
State general	18,691
State police and corrections	1,919
Municipal general	20,357
Municipal police	1,573
Municipal fire	756
Educational Retirement Board	49,188
Total	92,484

Contributions - Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$557,981 and \$546,529 for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 13 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$12,462,858 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.37877% which was an increase of 0.00056% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB income of \$1,588,701. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net (Inflows) Outflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 182,223	\$ (1,987,567)	\$(1,805,344)
Changes of assumptions	2,495,180	(4,505,765)	(2,010,585)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
OPEB plan investments	-	(357,237)	(357,237)
Changes in proportion	432,161	-	432,161
District's contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	371,859		371,859
Total	\$ 3,481,423	\$ (6,850,569)	\$ (3,369,146)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$371,859 represent the District's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ (1,646,890)
2024	(997,810)
2025	(541,642)
2026	(39,910)
2027	(514,753)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (3,741,005)

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis.

NOTE 13 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) (Continued)

Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation	2.30% for ERB, 2.50% for PERA
Projected payroll increases	3.25% to 13.00% based on years of service including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation.
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs
Mortality	ERB members: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year (and scaled at 95% for males). Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020. PERA members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Blue Collar Annuitant Mortality, set forward one year for females, projected generationally with Scale MP-2017 times

Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

60%

Asset Class	Long-Term Rate of Return
Asset Class	- Kate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	0.4%
U.S. equity - large cap	6.6%
Non U.S emerging markets	9.2%
Non U.S developed equities	7.3%
Private equity	10.6%
Credit and structured finance	3.1%
Real estate	3.7%
Absolute return	2.5%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	6.6%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.62% as of **June 30, 2021**. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not

NOTE 13 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) (Continued)

included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2052. Thus, the 7.00% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2052. The index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher was used beyond 2052, resulting in a blended discount rate of 3.62%.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.62 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.62 percent) than the current discount rate:

Current								
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase								
	(2.62%)		(3.62%)	(4.62%)				
\$	15,659,290	\$	12,462,858	\$	9,976,385			

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current			
1% Decrease		7	Trend Rates	1% Increase		
\$	10.024.153	\$	12.462.858	\$ 14,426,748		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Payable to the OPEB Plan: At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$100,259 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2022 which were paid in July 2022.

NOTE 14 Unavailable Revenues

The District had \$267,135 of unavailable revenues related to property taxes which had not been paid by property owners within 60 days of year-end as of June 30, 2022. The District had \$5,273 of grant revenues that were not received from the state within 60 days of year-end.

NOTE 15 Concentrations

The District depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the District is subject to changes in the specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to the Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

NOTE 16 Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 16 Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

The District is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 17 Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements

In May 2019, GASB Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by eliminating the existing option for issuers to report conduit debt obligations as their own liabilities, thereby ending significant diversity in practice. The clarified definition will resolve stakeholders' uncertainty as to whether a given financing is, in fact, a conduit debt obligation. Requiring issuers to recognize liabilities associated with additional commitments extended by issuers and to recognize assets and deferred inflows of resources related to certain arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations also will eliminate diversity, thereby improving comparability in reporting by issuers. Revised disclosure requirements will provide financial statement users with better information regarding the commitments issuers extend and the likelihood that they will fulfill those commitments. That information will inform users of the potential impact of such commitments on the financial resources of issuers and help users assess issuers' roles in conduit debt obligations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In March 2020, GASB Statement No. 94 Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, was issued. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of PPPs and APAs and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. That uniform guidance will provide more relevant and reliable information for financial statement users and create greater consistency in practice. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In May 2020, GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was issued. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including

NOTE 17 Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements (Continued)

implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In October 2021, GASB Statement No. 98 *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, was issued. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In April 2022, GASB Statement No. 99 *Omnibus 2022*, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In June of 2022, GASB Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, was issued. This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

NOTE 17 Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements (Continued)

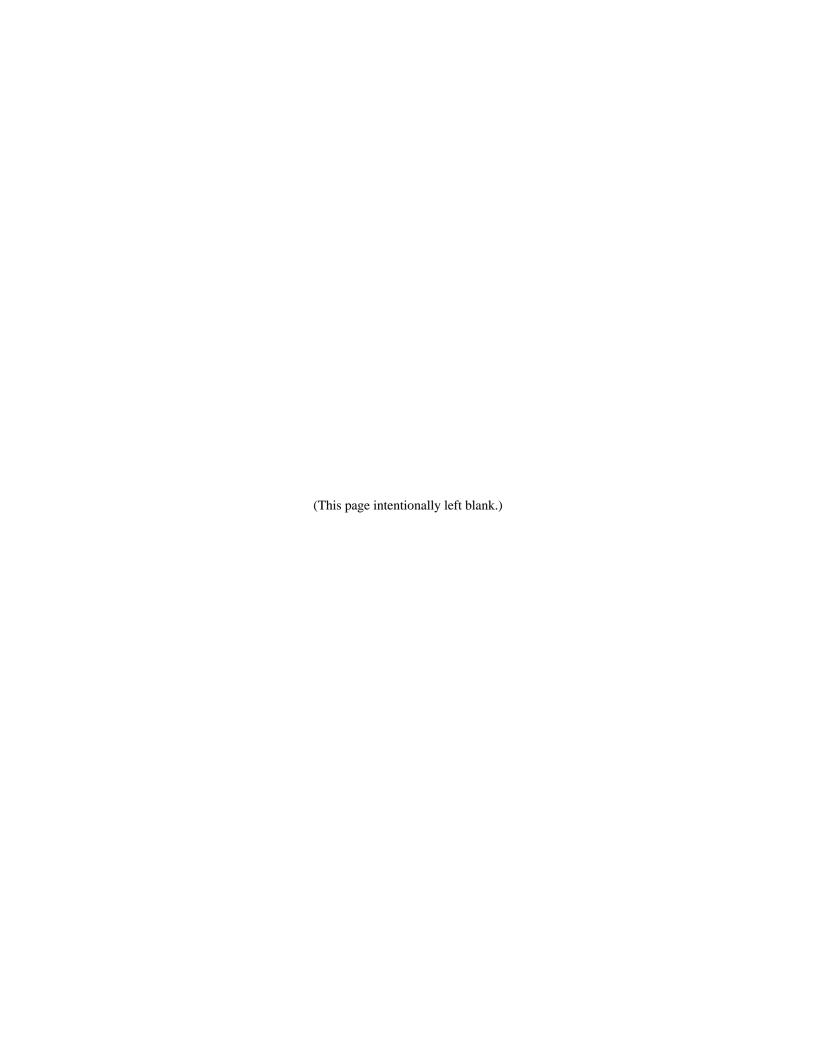
In June of 2022, GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, was issued. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

NOTE 18 Related Party Transactions

The District had previously bid services to provide concession services for athletic events in the District. This was done because of the increased requirements for licenses, food handlers permits, and control issues it seemed too prohibitive for the District to continue to bid them themselves. The only bid received was from a member of the Board who owns a company in the food service industry. The terms seemed fair to the Board and administration and the bid was accepted and the Board member did not participate in the vote. The company pays 10% of revenues, after deduction of New Mexico gross receipts tax, to the District which is used by athletics. During the year under audit, there were \$7,946 paid in revenues to the District under this agreement.

NOTE 19 Subsequent Events

A review of subsequent events through November 14, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, revealed no items of audit significance.





Schedule I

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Measurement Date - Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	District's roportionate Share of the NPL	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	2021	0.57040%	\$ 40,426,910	\$ 18,280,396	221.15%	69.77%
2021	2020	0.57383%	\$ 116,291,756	\$ 18,330,860	634.40%	39.11%
2020	2019	0.56003%	\$ 42,435,167	\$ 16,361,448	259.36%	64.13%
2019	2018	0.56342%	\$ 66,998,137	\$ 15,749,442	425.40%	52.17%
2018	2017	0.57460%	\$ 63,857,988	\$ 16,369,535	390.10%	52.95%
2017	2016	0.57277%	\$ 41,219,013	\$ 16,358,851	251.97%	61.58%
2016	2015	0.56987%	\$ 36,911,997	\$ 16,199,417	227.86%	63.97%
2015	2014	0.57712%	\$ 32,928,905	\$ 15,749,442	209.08%	66.54%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Schedule II

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,]	tatutorily Required ontribution	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
2022	\$	2,825,505	\$	2,826,475	\$	(970)	\$	18,656,598	15.14%
2021	\$	2,574,429	\$	2,586,722	\$	(12,293)	\$	18,280,396	14.08%
2020	\$	2,593,817	\$	2,593,817	\$	-	\$	18,330,860	14.15%
2019	\$	2,274,242	\$	2,274,242	\$	-	\$	16,361,448	13.90%
2018	\$	2,189,172	\$	2,189,172	\$	-	\$	15,749,442	13.90%
2017	\$	2,276,066	\$	2,276,066	\$	-	\$	16,369,535	13.90%
2016	\$	2,264,508	\$	2,264,508	\$	-	\$	16,358,851	13.84%
2015	\$	2,242,189	\$	2,242,189	\$	-	\$	16,199,417	13.84%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in benefit provisions. Other than the employer contribution increases attributable to Senate Bill 42, there were no modifications to the benefit provisions with an actuarial impact that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Changes in assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 17, 2020, in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2019. No changes ahve been made to the assumptions since the prior valuation. The calculation of the funding policy contribution has been updated to reflect an open group projection, recognizing new hire benefits as well as anticipated cost-of-living adjustments less than the assumed 1.80% while the plan is less than fully funded.

See also Note 11 *General Information on the Pension Plan - Educational Retirement Act* in the financial statement note disclosure on the OPEB plan.

Schedule III

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) RETIREE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY (RHCA) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2022

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
25.39%
16.50%
18.92%
13.14%
11.34%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Schedule IV

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY (RHCA) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	r	atutorily equired ntribution	Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		District's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2022	\$	371,859	\$	371,859	\$	-	\$ 18,599,409	2.00%	
2021	\$	362,506	\$	364,352	\$	(1,846)	\$ 18,217,578	1.99%	
2020	\$	364,985	\$	364,985	\$	-	\$ 18,249,249	2.00%	
2019	\$	326,150	\$	326,150	\$	-	\$ 16,308,948	2.00%	
2018	\$	313,566	\$	313,566	\$	-	\$ 15,698,848	2.00%	

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY (RHCA) JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in assumptions and methods.	In the June 30, 2021	actuarial valuation	and the total OPEI	3 liability measured	as of June
30, 2021, changes in assumptions in	clude adjustments res	sulting from a increa	se in the discount r	ate from 2.86% to 3	3.62%.

See also Note 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) in the financial statement note disclosure on the OPEB plan.









BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL ROJECTS	S	DEBT ERVICE	TOTAL	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,780,735	\$ 1,029,106	\$	777,104	\$ 4,586,945	
Accounts receivable						
Taxes	-	-		103,594	103,594	
Due from other governments	2,278,708	-		-	2,278,708	
Interfund receivables	-	-		-	-	
Other	-	-		-	-	
Inventory	 51,456	 -		-	 51,456	
Total assets	 5,110,899	 1,029,106		880,698	7,020,703	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	_	361		_	361	
Accrued payroll liabilities	_	-		_	-	
Interfund payables	974,331	_		_	974,331	
Unearned revenue	11,738	_		-	11,738	
Total liabilities	986,069	361		-	986,430	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	_	_		17,824	17,824	
Unavailable revenues - other	5,273	_		17,021	5,273	
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,273	-		17,824	 23,097	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	51,456	_		_	51,456	
Restricted for:	01,100				01,100	
Grant mandates	1,189,080	_		_	1,189,080	
Capital projects	-	362,858		_	362,858	
Debt service	_	-		266,254	266,254	
Assigned	2,889,578	665,887		596,620	4,152,085	
Unassigned	(10,557)	-		-	(10,557)	
Total fund balances	4,119,557	1,028,745		862,874	6,011,176	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,110,899	\$ 1,029,106	\$	880,698	\$ 7,020,703	

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		DEBT SERVICE		 TOTAL
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	445,641	\$ 445,641
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		380,619	380,619
State grants		986,813		139,400		-	1,126,213
Federal grants		7,284,278		-		-	7,284,278
Miscellaneous		23,026		-		-	23,026
Charges for services		369,468		-		-	369,468
Investment income		537		-		-	537
Total revenues		8,664,122		139,400		826,260	9,629,782
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		3,865,864		-		-	3,865,864
Support services							
Students		992,399		-		-	992,399
Instruction		25,863		-		-	25,863
General administration		303,087		-		4,468	307,555
School administration		290,188		-		-	290,188
Central services		-		-		-	-
Operation & maintenance of plant		54,000		-		-	54,000
Student transportation		-		-		-	-
Other support services		-		-		-	-
Food services operations		1,748,637		-		-	1,748,637
Community services		4,470		-		-	4,470
Capital outlay		-		726,615		38,764	765,379
Debt service							
Principal		-		-		585,000	585,000
Interest		-		-		-	-
Bond issuance costs		-					
Total expenditures		7,284,508		726,615		628,232	8,639,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		_		_			
over (under) expenditures		1,379,614		(587,215)		198,028	 990,427
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from bond issues		-		585,000		-	585,000
Isuance of lease obligations		-					
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		585,000		-	585,000
Net changes in fund balances		1,379,614		(2,215)		198,028	1,575,427
Fund balances - beginning of year		2,739,943		1,030,960		664,846	 4,435,749
Fund balances - end of year	\$	4,119,557	\$	1,028,745	\$	862,874	\$ 6,011,176





BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for Federal, State and Local funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific educational tasks. Special Revenue Funds include:

Food Services (21000) – This fund is utilized to account for Federal and Local sources of income relating to the food service programs. The Food Service Fund is segregated into two categories, one being the Federal funds and the other being Non-Federal funds. Federal funds consist of National School Lunch Program, which is administered by the State of New Mexico for the purpose of making breakfast and lunch available to all school children and to encourage the domestic consumption of agricultural commodities and other food components. Authority for the creation of this fund is NMSA 22-13-13. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Athletics (22000) – This fund is used to account for fees generated at athletic activities throughout the School District. The gate receipts are obtained from the general public and are expended in this fund. The authority for creation of this fund is 6.20.2 NMAC. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Student Activities (23000) – To account for revenue and expenditures associated with the District's non instructional support activities (primarily after-school activities). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

The Title I IASA Special Revenue Fund (24101) – Accounts for supplemental educational opportunity for academically disadvantaged children in the area of residing. Campuses are identified for program participation by the percentage of students on free or reduced lunches. Any school with a free and reduced-price lunch percentage that is equal to or greater than the total district percentage becomes eligible for program participation. Any student whose test scores fall below District established criteria and who is attending a Title I campus is eligible to receive Title I services. Poverty is the criteria that identify a campus; educational need determines the students to be served. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Public Education Department. Authority for creation of this fund is Part A of Chapter I of Title I of Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, as amended, Public Law 103-383.

IDEA-B Entitlement (24106) – Accounts for a program funded by a federal grant to assist the District in providing free appropriate public education to all handicapped children. Funding authorized by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-620, as amended, Public Laws 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100,639, and 101-476, 20 U.S.C. 1411-1420.

IDEA-B Preschool (24109) – The objective of the Assistance to States for the Education of Handicapped Children Program is to assist in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children from ages three to five. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Children, Youth and Families. Authority for creation of this fund is Public Law 105-17. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Education of Homeless (24113) – The fund provides tutoring and remedial academic services to homes children and youth within the District. Funding and authorization are by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, Title VII, Subtitle B. No Minimum balance required according to legislation.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (24118) – To assist States, through cash grants, in providing free fresh fruits and vegetables to school children in designated participating schools beginning in school year 2004/2005. Authorized by National School Lunch Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1769. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

English Language Acquisition (24153) – To provide funds to improve the educational performance of limited English proficient students by assisting the children to learn English and meet State academic content standards. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting (24154) – To improve the skills of teachers and the quality of instruction in mathematics and science, and also to increase the accessibility of such instruction to all students. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Carl D Perkins Secondary – Current (24174) – To account for federal funds to provide vocational and technical education for secondary education. (Authority: P.L. 105-332). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Student Support Academic Enrichment Title IV (24189) – This sub award supports well-rounded educational opportunities, safe, and healthy students and effective use of technology.

CARES Act ESSER Fund (24301) – This federal program is designed to provide LEA's with funding to meet a diverse array of education and COVID response related needs. By law, awards from the ESSER Fund are based on LEA's proportional share of final 2019-2020 Title I, Part A allocations received. Public law 116-136.

CARES Act GEERF (24307) – This fund was passed in response to the coronavirus pandemic to provide LEA's with funding to pay for the challenges of the pandemic. The funds are to be used for social and emotional learning. Authority for creation of this fund is the Governors Emergency Education Relief Fund.

CRRSA ESSER II (24308) – This federal program is designed to provide LEA's with funding to meet a diverse array of education and COVID response related needs. By law, awards from the ESSER Fund are based on LEA's proportional share of final 2019-2020 Title I, Part A allocations received. Public law 116-136.

ESSER Social Emotional Learning (24309) – This fund allows for LEA's to purchase goods and or services to assist students in overcoming and or assisting students with their social and emotional learning in returning to the classroom after the Covid -19 disruptions to learning. No minimum balance required. Funding authorized by Title I, Part A allocations received. Public law 116-136.

Governors Emergency Education Relief Fund Air Quality Award (24316) – This award allows for LEA's to improve the air quality in the District through the purchase of items such as HEPA purification units and filters, MERV-13 filters, fans, and or repairing windows and doors. Authority for creation of this fund is the Governors Emergency Education Relief Fund.

ESSER III (24330) – This federal program is designed to provide LEA's with funding to meet a diverse array of education and COVID response related needs. By law, awards from the ESSER Fund are based on LEA's proportional share of final 2019-2020 Title I, Part A allocations received. Public law 116-136.

American Rescue Plan Homeless Award (24355) – This federal program is designed to provide LEA's with funding to meet a diverse array of education and COVID response related needs in FY 21-22 for homeless children and youth. Funding authorized by Title I, Part A allocations received. Public law 116-136.

Johnson O'Malley (25131) – To provide funding for supplemental programs in special education and the other needs of eligible Native American Indian children. Funding is provided by the Johnson-O'Malley Act of 1934 as amended, Public Law 930638. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Impact Aid Special Education (25145) – To account for a program funded by a Federal grant to provide financial assistance to local educational agencies (LEAs) where enrollments or availability of revenue are adversely affected by Federal activities, i.e. where the tax base of a district is reduced through the Federal acquisition of real property (Section 8002, ESEA), where there are a significant number of children who reside on Federal (including Native American) lands and/or children whose parents are employed on Federal property or in the Uniformed Services (Sections 8003 and 8007, ESEA), where there is a sudden increase in school enrollment as the result of Federal activities (Section 8006, ESEA). To provide disaster assistance for reduced or increased operating costs for replacing or repairing damaged or destroyed support equipment and books and for repairing minor damage to facilities. Funding is authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Title VIII, as amended. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Impact Aid Indian Education (25147) – To account for funding of a Federal program to provide financial assistance to local educational agencies (LEA's) where enrollments or availability of revenue are adversely affected by Federal activities, i.e. where the tax base of a district is reduced through the Federal acquisition of real property (Section 2), or where there are a significant number of children who reside on Federal (including Indian) lands and /or children whose parents are employed on Federal property or in the Uniformed Services (Section 3(a) and 3(b)): where there is a significant decrease (Section 3(c)) or a reduced or increased operating costs (Section 4) in school enrollment as the result of Federal activities; to provide disaster assistance for reduced or increased operating costs (Section 7(a)), for replacing or repairing damaged or destroyed supplies, equipment, and books, and for repairing minor damage to facilities. Funding authorized by Public Law 81-874. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years (25153) – To provide school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children. (P.L. 105-33). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Indian Ed Formula Grant (25184) – To account for a program funded by a Federal grant to develop and carry out supplementary elementary and secondary school programs designed to meet the special educational and culturally related academic needs of Indian children, for example to: 1) Improve academic performance, 2) Reduce school dropout rates and improve attendance, and 3) Integrate the value of cultural education into the school curriculum for Indian children. Funding authorized by Indian Education Act of 1988, Title V, Part C, Subpart 1, as amended, Public Law 100-297 and 93-638, 25 U.S.C. 2601-2606. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

REC/ District Fiscal Agent (26107) – The Collaborate is a joint venture between ten small districts, several state and local partnerships and the business community designed to promote excellence in teaching and learning among educators and students. Funding is provided by dues and community donations. Authorized by the New Mexico Public Education Department.

Kellogg Foundation (26121) - This grant will expand evidence-based parent education and family support programs targeting vulnerable families in select New Mexico neighborhoods to promote parental knowledge of child development needs and parental advocacy skills. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Golden Apple Foundation (26163) – The purpose of this fund is to account for a program designed to improve the quality of education for all children through recognition, recruitment, and professional development of outstanding teachers. This funding is provided by a private grant with Wells Fargo Golden Apple Foundation Teacher Partner Grant and authorized by the PED. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Conoco Phillips School Grant (26200) – Provides funds to support specific projects proposed to teachers at Naabi Ani Elementary School. The project is funded by a grant from Conoco Phillips. The creation of the fund is authorized by NMSA 1978 22-89-14. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) (27107) – Funds used to purchase library books and library supplies for all school sites. Program is authorized by state statute. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Instructional Materials Special Appropriation (27109) – This special appropriation is intended specifically for the purchase of instructional materials to make up for the shortfall in past appropriations.

STEM Professional Development (27135) – This fund is to be used to expand existing, standards-based computer science programs. The purpose of the fund is to increase access to high-quality computer science training programs to ensure more students master computer science skills. The funding was mad available through an appropriation contained in the Laws of 2019, Chapter 279, Section 25A and section 60A HB 548.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PreK Initiative (27149) – The Pre-K Initiative program provides high-quality early childhood services (in accordance with the NM Pre-K standards) to four-year-old children in need. Authorized through 32A-23-1 NMSA 1978. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Indian Education Act (27150) - To account for funding provided by New Mexico Legislature through the New Mexico Public Education Department supporting various Exemplary Culture Based Education programs. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Reading Improvement Initiative (27152) – This fund is for transportation of students who participated in K-5 Plus Programs. The funding was made available through an appropriation contained in the Laws of 2019, Chapter 271, Section 4, Subsection K, Public School Support, Paragraph 2 (House Bill2).

NM Grown Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (27183) – To account for funds provided by New Mexico Public Education Department to purchase New Mexico locally grown fresh fruits and vegetables for school meal programs. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Family Income Index (27407) – This fund provides additional funding for districts with low income households. Districts must spend at least 1/3 of the award for evidence-based literacy interventions, 1/3 evidence based mathematics, and no more than 1/3 on interventions such as case management tutoring and after-school and summer enrichment programs. Authorized by NM Senate Bill 17.

COVID Testing Direct Funding (28211) – This fund allows for districts to purchase materials needed for screening and testing of students and staff for Covid-19. Funding for this award is provided through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Public Law 117-2.

Private Direct Grants (29102) – To provide students with experiences and career awareness in wildlife, forestry and environmental management operations. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

	Food Services 21000		Athletics 22000		Student Activities 23000		Title I IASA 24101		En	DEA-B titlement 24106
ASSETS		21000				20000		21101		
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	196,158	\$	222,076	\$	560,589	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable										
Taxes		-		-		-		150.062		107.000
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		408,594		-		-		150,962		187,880
Inventory		42,143		9,313		-		-		-
mventory		42,143	-	7,515						
Total assets		646,895		231,389		560,589		150,962		187,880
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		-		-		150,532		187,060
Unearned revenue								430		820
Total liabilities				-				150,962		187,880
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other				-				_		
Total deferred inflows of resources				-				-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		42,143		9,313		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		22,907		18,565		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		604,752		199,169		542,024		-		-
Unassigned		- (46,005		- 221 200		560,500				
Total fund balances		646,895		231,389		560,589		-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•		•	004 002		.		1.50.075	•	405.006
resources, and fund balances	\$	646,895	\$	231,389	\$	560,589	\$	150,962	\$	187,880

	Pre	IDEA-B Preschool 24109		Education of Homeless 24113		Fresh Fruits and Vegetables 24118		English Language Acquisition 24153		er/Principal aining & ecruiting 24154
ASSETS Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		8,333		19,905		-		247		27,793
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory										
Total assets		8,333		19,905		-		247		27,793
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		8,333		19,905		10		743		27,188
Unearned revenue		0.222		10.005		- 10		7.12		605
Total liabilities		8,333		19,905		10		743		27,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-				-				
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		(10)		(496)		
Total fund balances						(10)		(496)		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	8,333	\$	19,905	\$		\$	247	\$	27,793

	Carl D Perkins Secondary - Current 24174		Student Supp Acad. Enrich Title IV 24189		CARES Act ESSER Fund 24301		GEER Fund Emotional Learning 24307		E	RRSA SSER II 24308
ASSETS										
Current assets:		2=	•				•		•	
Cash and temporary investments	\$	37	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable Taxes										
		-		30,016		-		-		120 605
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		-		30,016		-		-		129,605
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Hivelitory					1				1	
Total assets		37		30,016		-		-		129,605
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		30,016		-		-		129,605
Unearned revenue		37		<u> </u>		-		-		-
Total liabilities		37		30,016		-		-	-	129,605
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes										
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources					1			-	1	
Total deferred inflows of resources							-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		_		_		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		
Total fund balances				-		-		-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	37	\$	30,016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,605

	ESSER Social/Emotional Learning 24309		al GEER Fund Air Quality 24316				CRRSA ESSER II 24355		O	ohnson 'Malley 25131
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		3,074		-		31,527		-		42,913
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory				-		-		-		-
Total assets		3,074		-		31,527		-		42,913
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		_		_		_		_		_
Accrued payroll liabilities		_		-		_		-		_
Interfund payables		3,074		-		31,527		-		41,964
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		949
Total liabilities		3,074		-		31,527		-		42,913
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		_		_		_		_		_
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		_
EVIND DAY ANGEO									1	
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-
Grant mandates										
Capital projects		-		_		-		_		-
Debt service		-		_		-		-		-
Assigned		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		_
Total fund balances		-		-				-		_
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	3,074	\$	-	\$	31,527	\$	-	\$	42,913

	Impact Aid Special Education 25145		Impact Aid Indian Education 25147		Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years 25153		Indian Education Grant 25184		Fisc	/District al Agent 6107
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable Taxes	\$	179,057	\$	183,301	\$	1,258,379	\$	-	\$	121
		92,610		740,306		56,857		10.090		-
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		92,610		740,306		36,837		19,980		-
		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory										
Total assets		271,667		923,607		1,315,236		19,980		121
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		_		_		-		_		_
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		-		-		15,563		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		4,417		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		19,980		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		_		_		-		_		_
Unavailable revenues - other		_		_		-		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		_		_		-		_		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		121,062		736,923		161,714		_		1
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		150,605		186,684		1,153,522		-		120
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		271,667		923,607		1,315,236		-		121
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	271,667	\$	923,607	\$	1,315,236	\$	19,980	\$	121

	Kellogg Foundation 26121		Golden Apple Foundation 26163		Conoco Phillips School Grant 26200		2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) 27107		N Spec	tructional Iaterials ial Approp 27109
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	58,184	\$	2,154	\$	14,765	\$	-	\$	60,650
Taxes Due from other governments		-		-		-		- 8,618		-
Interfund receivables		_		_		_		-		_
Inventory								_		-
Total assets		58,184		2,154		14,765		8,618		60,650
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		-		-		8,841		-
Unearned revenue				-						-
Total liabilities								8,841		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		58,184		-		-		-		60,650
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		2,154		14,765		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		(223)		-
Total fund balances		58,184		2,154		14,765	-	(223)		60,650
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	E0 10 <i>1</i>	¢	2 154	¢	14765	¢	0 (10	¢	60.650
resources, and fund balances	\$	58,184	\$	2,154	\$	14,765	\$	8,618	\$	60,650

	STEM Professional Development 27135		PreK Initiative 27149		Indian Education Act 27150		K-5 Plus Transportation 27152		NM Grown Fresh Fruits and Vegetables 27183	
ASSETS				_				_		
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,357	\$	123
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		5,273		273,248		9,098		-		-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-				-				-
Total assets		5,273		273,248		9,098		4,357		123
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		_		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		5,273		273,730		9,098		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		4,357		123
Total liabilities		5,273		273,730		9,098		4,357		123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		_		_		_		_		_
Unavailable revenues - other		5,273		_		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,273	-	-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										_
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		_		_		_		_		_
Capital projects		_		_		_		_		_
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		(5,273)		(482)		_		_		_
Total fund balances		(5,273)		(482)		-		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	5,273	\$	273,248	\$	9,098	\$	4,357	\$	123

	Fai	mily Income Index 27407	d Testing 28211	Private Direct Grants 29102		Total
ASSETS					_	
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	40,784	\$ 2,780,735
Accounts receivable						-
Taxes		-	-		-	-
Due from other governments		24,131	7,738		-	2,278,708
Interfund receivables		-	-		-	-
Inventory			 			 51,456
Total assets		24,131	7,738		40,784	 5,110,899
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-	-		-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-	-		-	-
Interfund payables		24,131	7,738		-	974,331
Unearned revenue		-	 -		-	 11,738
Total liabilities		24,131	 7,738			 986,069
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-	-		-	-
Unavailable revenues - other		-	 -		_	 5,273
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-		-	 5,273
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-	-		-	51,456
Restricted for:						
Grant mandates		-	-		5,001	1,185,007
Capital projects		-	-		-	-
Debt service		-	-		-	-
Assigned		-	-		35,783	2,889,578
Unassigned		-	 -			 (6,484)
Total fund balances		-	 -		40,784	 4,119,557
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	24,131	\$ 7,738	\$	40,784	\$ 5,110,899

	Food Services 21000		A	Athletics 22000		Student Activities 23000	Title I IASA 24101		En	DEA-B titlement 24106
Revenues:			_						_	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-		-
State grants		-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		1,817,426		-		-		856,392		783,278
Miscellaneous		-		-		26		-		-
Charges for services		4,350		106,323		258,795		-		-
Investment income		-		-		537		-		-
Total revenues		1,821,776		106,323		259,358	-	856,392		783,278
Expenditures: Current:										
Instruction		-		11,008		176,468		574,332		432,826
Support services										
Students		-		-		-		133,189		319,603
Instruction		-		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-		33,731		30,849
School administration		-		-		-		115,140		-
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		1,738,638		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		1,738,638		11,008		176,468		856,392		783,278
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		00.100		0.5.01.5		00.000				
over (under) expenditures		83,138		95,315		82,890	-			
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-		-
Isuance of lease obligations		-		_						
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances		83,138		95,315		82,890		-		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		563,757		136,074		477,699				
Fund balances - end of year	\$	646,895	\$	231,389	\$	560,589	\$	_	\$	-

	IDEA-B Preschool 24109		Н	acation of omeless 24113	Frui Veg	resh its and etables 1118	Lan Acqı	nglish nguage uisition 4153	Tra Re	er/Principal aining & ecruiting 24154
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-		-
State grants		-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		44,616		29,397		-		247		99,370
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		44,616		29,397				247		99,370
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		42,859		4,723		-		242		69,944
Support services										
Students		-		10,446		-		-		-
Instruction		-		1,347		-		-		-
General administration		1,757		4,023		-		5		28,582
School administration		-		4,388		-		-		844
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		4,470		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		_
Debt service										
Principal		_		_		-		-		-
Interest		_		_		_		_		-
Total expenditures		44,616		29,397		-		247		99,370
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		,								
over (under) expenditures								-		_
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond issues		_		_		_		_		_
Isuance of lease obligations		_		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)								_	· —	_
		,								
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning of year						(10)		(496)		
Fund balances - end of year	\$		\$		\$	(10)	\$	(496)	\$	

	Carl D Perkins Secondary - Current 24174		Acad Ti	Student Supp Acad. Enrich Title IV 24189		CARES Act ESSER Fund 24301		CARES Act ESSER I Social Emot. Learning 24307		CRRSA ESSER II 24308
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-		-
State grants		-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		-		92,238		19,114		10,721		1,327,522
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-				-		
Total revenues		-		92,238		19,114		10,721		1,327,522
Expenditures: Current:										
Instruction		_		_		11,994		10,721		1,225,841
Support services						11,771		10,721		1,225,011
Students		_		88,605		_		_		5,143
Instruction		_		-		_		_		5,115
General administration		_		3,633		_		_		89,495
School administration		_		-		_		_		7,043
Central services		_		_		_		_		7,015
Operation & maintenance of plant		_		_		_		_		_
Student transportation										
Other support services										
Food services operations		_		_		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		_
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Principal										
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		<u> </u>		92,238		11,994		10,721		1,327,522
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				92,230		11,994		10,721		1,327,322
over (under) expenditures		_		-		7,120		-		-
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-		-
Isuance of lease obligations				-						
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		7,120		-		-
Fund balances - beginning of year						(7,120)				
Fund balances - end of year	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-

	CRRSA ESSER II 24309		Air	ER Fund Quality 4316	CRRSA SSER III 24330	ESS	RRSA SER II 4355	O'	ohnson Malley 25131
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-	-		-		-
State grants		-		-	-		-		-
Federal grants		7,025		54,000	213,127		7,729		109,461
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-	-		-		-
Investment income					 <u> </u>				-
Total revenues		7,025		54,000	 213,127		7,729		109,461
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction		6,748		-	201,813		7,729		68,122
Support services									
Students		-		-	2,920		-		17,197
Instruction		-		-	-		-		-
General administration		277		-	8,394		-		3,921
School administration		-		-	-		-		10,367
Central services		-		-	-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		54,000	-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-	-		-		-
Other support services		-		-	-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-	-		-		-
Community services		-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-		-
Debt service									
Principal		-		-	-		-		-
Interest		-			 -		-		-
Total expenditures		7,025		54,000	 213,127		7,729		99,607
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures									9,854
Other financing sources (uses):									
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-	-		-		-
Isuance of lease obligations		-		-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)					 				
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	-		-		9,854
Fund balances - beginning of year					 <u>-</u>				(9,854)
Fund balances - end of year	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$		\$	

	Impact Ai Special Education 25145		Îr Edu	act Aid ndian ication 5147	1	Fitle XIX Medicaid /21 Years 25153	Fo	Indian Ed Formula Grant 25184		P/District al Agent 16107
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		•		-		-		-		-
State grants				-		-		-		-
Federal grants	92,6	10		740,306		840,748		138,951		-
Miscellaneous				-		-		-		-
Charges for services				-		-		-		-
Investment income				-		-		-		-
Total revenues	92,6	10		740,306		840,748		138,951		-
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction	8,0	46		45,762		425		61,928		1,400
Support services										
Students	17,3	65		8,060		366,894		11,532		-
Instruction				-		-		-		-
General administration	2,5	82		3,471		-		5,507		-
School administration	37,5	56		32,328		-		60,864		-
Central services				-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant				-		-		-		-
Student transportation				-		_		-		-
Other support services				_		_		_		-
Food services operations				_		_		_		-
Community services				_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		,		_		_		_		_
Debt service										
Principal				_		_		_		_
Interest				_		_		_		_
Total expenditures	65,5	49		89,621		367,319		139,831		1,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	- 00,0	<u></u> -		07,021		507,517		107,001		1,100
over (under) expenditures	27,0	61		650,685		473,429		(880)		(1,400)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond issues		,		_		_		_		_
Isuance of lease obligations				_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Total office frameling sources (uses)										
Net changes in fund balances	27,0	61		650,685		473,429		(880)		(1,400)
Fund balances - beginning of year	244,6	06		272,922		841,807		880		1,521
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 271,6	67	\$	923,607	\$	1,315,236	\$	-	\$	121

	For	Cellogg undation 26121	Fou	en Apple ndation 6163	Phill	Conoco ips School Grant 26200	Stude Fun	2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) 27107		ructional aterials al Approp 27109
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-		-
State grants		-		-		-		24,516		-
Federal grants		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		_		-		-		-		_
Total revenues		-						24,516		-
Expenditures: Current:										
Instruction		17,002								
Support services		17,002		-		-		-		-
Students										
Instruction		-		-		-		24,516		-
General administration		37,246		-		-		24,510		-
School administration				-		-		-		-
		7,101		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-						
Total expenditures		61,349						24,516		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(61,349)								
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-		-
Isuance of lease obligations		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances		(61,349)		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		119,533		2,154		14,765		(223)		60,650
Fund balances - end of year	\$	58,184	\$	2,154	\$	14,765	\$	(223)	\$	60,650

	STEM Professional Development 27135	PreK Initiative 27149	Indian Education Act 27150	K5 Plus Transportation 27152	NM Grown Fresh Fruits and Vegetables 27183
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Oil and gas taxes	-	-	-	-	-
State grants	-	719,199	38,297	-	9,999
Federal grants	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	719,199	38,297		9,999
Expenditures: Current:					
	5 072	(07.521	20.207		
Instruction	5,273	697,521	38,297	-	-
Support services					
Students	-	-	-	-	-
Instruction	-	-	-	-	-
General administration	-	7,121	-	-	-
School administration	-	14,557	-	-	-
Central services	-	-	-	-	-
Operation & maintenance of plant	-	-	-	-	-
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Other support services	-	-	-	-	-
Food services operations	-	-	-	-	9,999
Community services	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest					
Total expenditures	5,273	719,199	38,297	-	9,999
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(5,273)				
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from bond issues	-	_	_	_	_
Isuance of lease obligations	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)					
			-		
Net changes in fund balances	(5,273)	-	-	-	-
Fund balances - beginning of year		(482)			
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (5,273)	\$ (482)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Family Income Index 27407		Covid Testing 28211		Private Direct Grants 29102		Tota1	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Oil and gas taxes		-		-		-		-
State grants		140,864		53,938		-		986,813
Federal grants		-		-		-		7,284,278
Miscellaneous		-		-		23,000		23,026
Charges for services		-		-		-		369,468
Investment income								537
Total revenues		140,864		53,938		23,000		8,664,122
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction		140,864		-		3,976		3,865,864
Support services								
Students		-		11,445		-		992,399
Instruction		-		-		-		25,863
General administration		-		42,493		-		303,087
School administration		-		-		-		290,188
Central services		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		54,000
Student transportation		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		1,748,637
Community services		-		-		-		4,470
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest								
Total expenditures		140,864		53,938		3,976		7,284,508
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						19,024		1,379,614
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from bond issues		_		_		_		_
Isuance of lease obligations		_		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		19,024		1,379,614
Fund balances - beginning of year						21,760		2,739,943
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,784	\$	4,119,557





BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Bond Building (31100) — To account for bond proceeds and any income earned thereon. The proceeds are restricted for the purpose of making additions to and furnishing of school buildings or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as approved by the voters of the District. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Public School Capital Outlay (31200) – The purpose of this fund is to account for funding provided to the District the State of New Mexico for capital improvement projects approved by the Public School Capital Outlay Council. Funding is authorized by NMAC 6.20.2 through the New Mexico Public Education Department. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) (31700) – To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to, and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching. No minimum balance required according to legislation. (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978)

Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match Cash) (31703) – The purpose of this fund is to account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Educational Technology Equipment Act (31900) – Accounts for State funding to promote the comprehensive integration of advanced technologies in education settings, through the conduct of technical assistance, professional development, information and resource dissemination, and collaboration activities. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

	Bui	ond lding .100	Public School Capital Outlay 31200		Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) 31700	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	37	\$	63,186	\$	2,064
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-
Inventory						
Total assets		37		63,186		2,064
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		
Total liabilities						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted for:						
Grant mandates		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		63,186		2,064
Debt service		-		-		-
Assigned		37		-		-
Unassigned						-
Total fund balances		37		63,186		2,064
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	37	\$	63,186	\$	2,064

	Impi SB-9 (Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Cash) 31703			Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	69,575	\$	894,244	\$ 1,029,106
Accounts receivable					
Taxes		-		-	-
Due from other governments		-		-	-
Interfund receivables		-		-	-
Other		-		-	-
Inventory					
Total assets		69,575		894,244	 1,029,106
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-		361	361
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-	-
Interfund payables		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		-		-	-
Total liabilities		-		361	 361
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-	-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		-		-	-
Restricted for:					
Grant mandates		-		-	-
Capital projects		69,575		228,033	362,858
Debt service		-		· -	-
Assigned		-		665,850	665,887
Unassigned		-		-	· -
Total fund balances		69,575	(893,883	1,028,745
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	69,575	\$	894,244	\$ 1,029,106

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL NO. 6 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

		Bond Building 31100	Public School Capital Outlay 31200	Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) 31700		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		
Oil and gas taxes		-	-	-		
State grants		-	-	-		
Federal grants		-	-	-		
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		
Charges for services		-	-	-		
Investment income						
Total revenues				<u>-</u>		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		-	-	-		
Support services						
Students		-	-	-		
Instruction		-	-	-		
General administration		-	-	-		
School administration		-	-	-		
Central services		-	-	-		
Operation & maintenance of plant		_	-	-		
Student transportation		_	-	-		
Other support services		_	_	-		
Food services operations		_	-	-		
Community service		_	-	-		
Capital outlay		499	288,065	_		
Debt service		1//	200,000			
Principal		_	_	_		
Interest		_	_	_		
Total expenditures		499	288,065			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		1//	200,000			
over (under) expenditures		(499)	(288,065)	_		
over (unuer) experiulures		(499)	(288,003)			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from bond issues		-	-	-		
Isuance of lease obligations		-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				
····· J. ···· J. ··· J. ···· J. ··· J. ·· J. ··· J. ·· J. ··· J. ·· J. ··· J.						
Net changes in fund balances		(499)	(288,065)	-		
Fund balances - beginning of year		536	351,251	2,064		
	_					
Fund balances - end of year	\$	37	\$ 63,186	\$ 2,064		

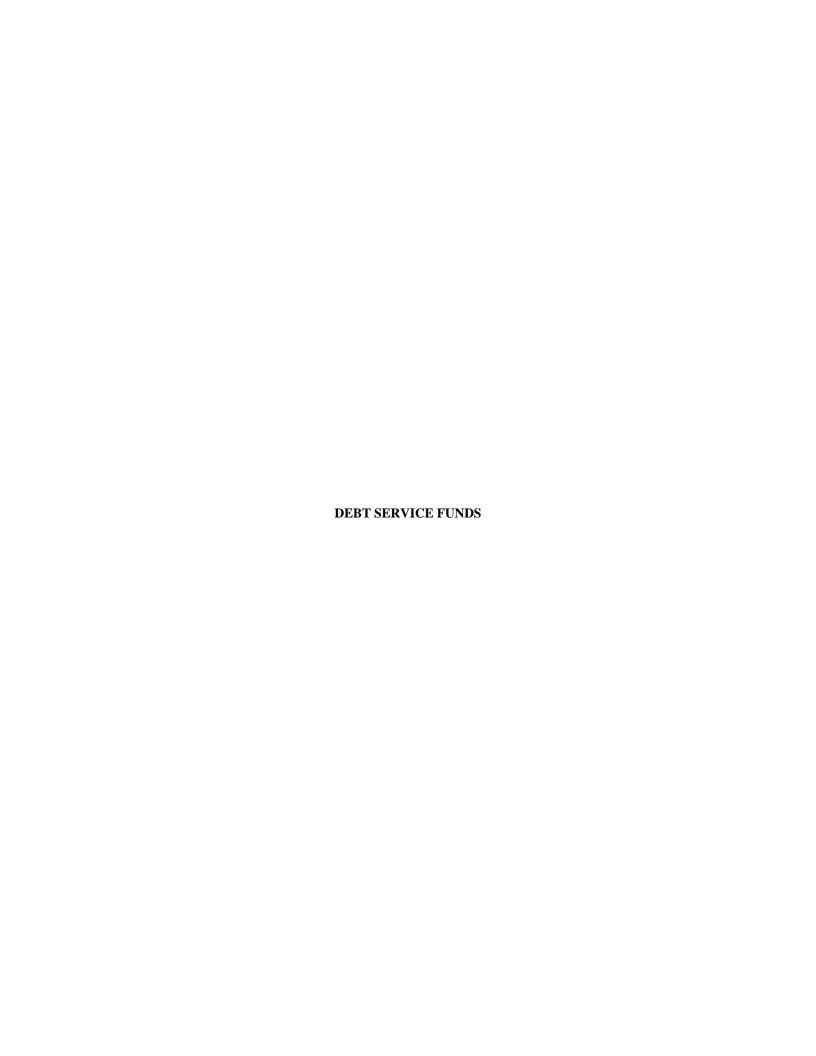
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STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL NO. 6 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

	Impr SB-9 (S	Capital ovements State Cash) 31703	Teo Equi	lucation chnology pment Act 31900	<u>Total</u>		
Revenues:	\$		\$		\$		
Property taxes Oil and gas taxes	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	
State grants		139,400		_		139,400	
Federal grants		152,400		_		157,400	
Miscellaneous		-		-		_	
Charges for services		-		-		_	
Investment income		_		_		_	
Total revenues		139,400		-		139,400	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		-		-		-	
Support services							
Students		-		-		-	
Instruction		-		-		-	
General administration		-		-		-	
School administration		-		-		-	
Central services		-		-		-	
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-	
Student transportation		-		-		-	
Other support services		-		-		-	
Food services operations		-		-		-	
Community service		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		69,825		368,226		726,615	
Debt service						-	
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest		60.925		368,226		726 615	
Total expenditures	-	69,825		308,220		726,615	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		69,575		(368,226)		(587,215)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from bond issues		_		585,000		585,000	
Isuance of lease obligations		_		505,000		303,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			585,000		585,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)				202,000		202,000	
Net changes in fund balances		69,575		216,774		(2,215)	
Fund balances - beginning of year				677,109		1,030,960	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	69,575	\$	893,883	\$	1,028,745	





BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Debt Service Funds account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Deferred Sick Leave (42000) – To account for funds set aside for paid and sick leave payouts upon retirement. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Education Technology Debt Service Fund (43000) – The fund is to account for the debt repayments of the debt incurred through the Education Technology Equipment Act (Capital Projects Fund) (Section 6-15A-1 to 6-15A-16 NMSA 1978). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

	D Sic	Education Technology 43000		Total	
ASSETS		_			
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	58,074	\$	719,030	\$ 777,104
Accounts receivable				100 504	100 504
Taxes		-		103,594	103,594
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		-		-	-
Other		-		-	-
Inventory		-		-	-
inventory				<u>-</u>	
Total assets		58,074		822,624	 880,698
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-		-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-	-
Interfund payables		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		-		-	-
Total liabilities					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		17,824	17,824
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources				17,824	 17,824
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		-		-	-
Restricted for:					
Grant mandates		-		-	-
Capital projects		-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Debt service		-		266,254	266,254
Assigned		58,074		538,546	596,620
Unassigned		50.074		204 200	 962 974
Total fund balances		58,074		804,800	 862,874
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	58,074	\$	822,624	\$ 880,698

	Si	Deferred ck Leave 42000		ducation echnology 43000	Total		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	_	\$	445,641	\$	445,641	
Oil and gas taxes	•	_	•	380,619	•	380,619	
State grants		_		-		-	
Federal grants		_		-		_	
Miscellaneous		_		-		_	
Charges for services		_		_		_	
Investment income		_		_		_	
Total revenues	-			826,260		826,260	
Total revenues				020,200	-	820,200	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		_		_		_	
Support services							
Students		_		_		_	
Instruction		_		_		_	
General administration		-		4,468		4,468	
School administration		=		4,400		4,400	
Central services		-		-		-	
		-		-		-	
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-	
Student transportation		-		-		-	
Other support services		-		-		-	
Food services operations		-		-		-	
Community services		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		38,764		38,764	
Debt service						-	
Principal		-		585,000		585,000	
Interest		-		-		-	
Bond issuance costs				-		-	
Total expenditures		-		628,232		628,232	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures				198,028		198,028	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from bond issues		_		-		_	
Isuance of lease obligations		_		_		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Total office financing sources (uses)			-				
Net changes in fund balances		-		198,028		198,028	
Fund balances - beginning of year		58,074		606,772		664,846	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	58,074	\$	804,800	\$	862,874	





BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Name of Depository	Description of Pledged Collateral	Maturity CUSIP Date Number		 Fair Market Value June 30, 2022		
Citizens Bank						
	Fannie Mae	9/25/2029	3136A9LLO	\$ 2,934,857		
	Fannie Mae	11/2/2023	3133EJNB1	4,008,880		
	Fannie Mae	12/16/2026	38378AU82	3,479,324		
	Treasury Note	1/15/2025	91282CDS7	4,785,150		
Total Citizens Bank				\$ 15,208,211		

The securities are held, not in the District's name, at:

FHLB - Dallas 85000 Freeport Parkway South Irving, TX 75063

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2022

Bank Name/Account Type	Account Type	Bank Balance	Deposits in Transit	Outstanding Checks/Wires	Other Adjustments	Book Balance
Citizens Bank Payroll Clearing Operating (I) Accounts Payable Clearing Activity Fund (I) Total Citizens Bank	Checking Checking Checking Checking	\$ - 25,400,005 - 781,957 \$ 26,181,962	\$ - - - - - \$ -	\$ (19,058) - (265,592) \$ (284,650)	\$ 152 (4,472) (11,838) 88 \$ (16,070)	\$ (18,906) 25,395,533 (277,430) 782,045 \$ 25,881,242
Bank Name/Account Type	Account Type	Bank Balance	Deposits in Transit	Outstanding Checks	Other Adjustments	Book Balance
Bank of Albuquerque Bond Sinking Fund (I) Total Bank of Albuquerque	Trust	\$ 2,352,597 \$ 2,352,597	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 2,352,597 \$ 2,352,597
Cash on Hand Total (I) Denotes interest-bearing Cash are fragrical statements		\$ 28,534,559	\$ -	\$ (284,650)	\$ (16,070)	\$ 28,233,973
Cash per financial statements Cash and cash equivalents - Government	Activities Exh	ibit A-1				\$ 28,233,973

Schedule VII

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

	Operational 11000		Transportation 13000		Instructional Materials 14000		Food Services 21000	
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$	11,864,301	\$	37,772	\$	-	\$	416,320
Add:								
Current year revenues		24,565,308		1,103,799		-		1,340,831
Permanent cash transfers		-		-		-		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		-
Loans from other funds		-				-		<u>-</u>
Total cash available		36,429,609		1,141,571		-		1,757,151
Less:								
Current year expenditures		(25,020,761)		(1,104,385)		-		(1,560,993)
Permanent cash transfers		-		-		-		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		-
Loans to other funds		(974,331)				-		
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$	10,434,517	\$	37,186	\$	-	\$	196,158

Schedule VII

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

	 Athletics 22000	Student Federal Activities Flowthrough 23000 24000		Federal Direct 25000	
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$ 127,475	\$ 477,724	\$	(663,971)	\$ 1,263,110
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds	 106,323	259,358 - - -		3,613,917 - - 587,993	1,062,605 - - 57,527
Total cash available	233,798	737,082		3,537,939	2,383,242
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds	 (11,722) - - -	(176,493) - - -		(3,537,902)	(762,505) - - -
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$ 222,076	\$ 560,589	\$	37	\$ 1,620,737

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

	Local Grants 26000		State Flowthrough 27000		State Direct 28000		Local / State 29000	
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$	137,973	\$	(205,379)	\$	-	\$	21,760
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds		- - -		887,584 - - 321,073		46,200 - - 7,738		23,000
Total cash available		137,973		1,003,278		53,938		44,760
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds		(62,749) - - -		(938,148) - - -		(53,938) - - -		(3,976) - - -
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$	75,224	\$	65,130	\$		\$	40,784

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

Primary Government	Bu	ond ilding 1100	Pu	blic School Capital Outlay 31200	Capital. Improv. SB 9 (State Match) 31700		9 (State Match) SB 9 (
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$	536	\$	351,251	\$	2,064	\$	3,652,796
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		1,718,428 - - -
Total cash available		536		351,251		2,064		5,371,224
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds		(499) - - -		(288,065) - - -		- - - -		(1,555,619) - - - -
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$	37	\$	63,186	\$	2,064	\$	3,815,605

Schedule VII

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

	p. Improv. (State Cash) 31703	Cap. Improv. SB 9 (State Cash) 31900		Debt Service 41000		n) Service		Service Sic	
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$	677,109	\$	7,317,151	\$	58,074		
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds	 139,400		585,000 - - -		7,723,177 - - - -		- - - -		
Total cash available	139,400		1,262,109		15,040,328		58,074		
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds	 (69,825) - - -		(367,865)		(5,680,608) - - -		- - - -		
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$ 69,575	\$	894,244	\$	9,359,720	\$	58,074		

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2022

Primary Government	Education Tech Debt Service Fund 43000			Total
Cash, June 30, 2021	\$	585,499	\$	26,121,565
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds Total cash available		761,763 - - - - 1,347,262		43,936,693 - - 974,331 71,032,589
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds		(628,232) - - - -		(41,824,285) - - (974,331)
Cash, June 30, 2022	\$	719,030	\$	28,233,973

STATE OF NEW MEXICO BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Title: Joint Powers Agreement – Swimming Pool Operation

Participants: Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 and City of Bloomfield

Responsible Party: Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 and City of Bloomfield

Description: For the purposes of constructing, maintaining, and operating a swimming pool

facility for the students and the public. Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 is responsible for constructing and insuring the facility. The City of Bloomfield will

be the fiscal agent of the facility and will maintain and operate the facility.

Dates of Operation: January 10, 2005 to January 10, 2030. Renewable for two additional five year terms.

Projected Cost: Bloomfield Municipal Schools agrees to provide location and pay for construction

costs in addition to carrying property damage insurance.

Audit Responsibility: City of Bloomfield

Reporting Responsibility: Revenues are collected and recorded by the City and are shared and recorded by both

parties. Expenses are incurred and recorded by both parties.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian Colón New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 Bloomfield, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weakness or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002.

Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Janning accounting and Consulting Services, LLC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC

Kirtland, New Mexico

November 14, 2022





REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 Bloomfield, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit

Other Matters

The results of our audition procedures did not find any instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

Janning accounting and Consulting Services, LC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC

Kirtland, New Mexico

November 14, 2022

STATE OF NEW MEXICOBLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Passthrough Number	Federal Assistance Listing	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passthrough State of New Mexico Public Education Department			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) IDEA B - Entitlement	24106	84.027	\$ 783,278
IDEA B - Entitlement IDEA-B Preschool	24100	84.173	44,616
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			827,894
Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination)			
Title I IASA	24101	84.010	856,392
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund (1)	24301	84.425D	11,994
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund - Social Emotional (1)	24307	84.425C	10,721
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund (1)	24308	84.425D	1,327,522
CRSSA Social Emotional Learning (1)	24309	84.425D	7,025
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund - Air Quality (1)	24316	84.425D	54,000
American Rescue Plan (ESSER III) (1) ARP ESSER Homeless Children and Youth II (1)	24330	84.425U	213,127
Total Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus	24355	84.425W	7,729
Aid, Relief and Economic Secuirty Act			1,632,118
Education of Homeless	24113	84.196A	29,397
English Language Acquisition	24153	84.365A	247
Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting	24154	84.367	99,370
Student Support Academic Achievement Titile IV Total Other Programs	24189	84.424A	92,238 2,709,762
Total Other Programs			2,709,762
Subtotal - Passthrough State of New Mexico Public Education Department			3,537,656
Direct U.S. Department of Education			
Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination) Impact Aid			
Impact Aid Special Education	25145	84.041	65,549
Impact Aid Indian Education	25147	84.041	89,621
Total Impact Aid		24.242	155,170
Indian Ed Formula Grant Total Other Programs	25184	84.060	139,831 295,001
Subtotal - Direct U.S. Department of Education			295,001
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,832,657
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct U.S. Department of Interior			
Johnson O'Malley	25131	15.130	99,607
Total U.S. Department of Interior			99,607
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct U.S. Department of Defense			
National Guard Military Projects	11000	12.401	57,827
Total U.S. Department of Defense			57,827
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passthrough State of New Mexico Public Education Department Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination)			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
USDA School Breakfast Program	21000	10.553	559,742
National School Lunch Program	21000	10.555	1,116,879
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,676,621
Passthrough State of New Mexico Human Services Department Food Distribution (Commodities)	21000	10.565	140,805
Subtotal - Passthrough State of New Mexico Public Education Department			1,676,621
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,817,426
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 5,807,517

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Sub recipients

The District did not provide any federal awards to sub recipients during the year.

3. Non Cash Federal Assistance

The District receives USDA commodities for use in sponsoring the National School Lunch and Breakfast programs. The value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$140,805 and is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards under the Department of Agriculture Commodities program, Federal Assistand Listing Number 10.565. Commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the Food Service Fund.

4. Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. Certain of the District's federal award programs have been charged with indirect costs, based upon a rate established by the State of New Mexico, and the District has elected not to use the 10% deminimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance applied to overall expenditures. The District's indirect cost rate for the year was 4.10%.

5. Matching Costs

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

6. Insurance

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

7. Loan or Loan Guarantees

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial Statements:

Total federal awards expended per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$ 5,807,517

Total expenditures funded by other sources

Total expenditures

\$ 42,369,275

(1) Denotes Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

Yes

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

6. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Financi	ial Statements:	
1.	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness in internal control identified?	None Noted
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes
	c. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	None Noted
Federal	Awards:	
1.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	None Noted
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Noted
2.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR-200.516(a)?	None Noted
4.	Identification of major programs:	
	Federal Assistance Listing Number Federal Program	<u>n</u>
	84.425 C, D, U, W Education Stabilization F the Coronavirus Aid, R Economic Security	Relief, and
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 (FS 2018-001) - Improper Cash Controls (Significant Deficiency) Repeated and Modified

Criteria: 6.20.2.11 NMAC 1978 INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE STANDARDS:

- A. Every school district shall establish and maintain an internal control structure to provide management with reasonable assurance that assets are safe-guarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that state and federal programs are managed in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The internal control structure shall include written administrative controls (rules, procedures and practices, and policies that affect the organization) and accounting controls (activity cycles, financial statement captions, accounting applications including computer systems) that are in accordance with GAAP.
- B. Each school district shall develop, establish and maintain a structure of internal accounting controls and written procedures to provide for segregation of duties, a system of authorization and recording procedures, and sound accounting practices in performance of duties and functions. The duties to be segregated are the authorization to execute a transaction, recording the transaction, and custody of assets involved in the transaction.
- (1) School district management must ensure that protection of the public trust is a major focus when granting the authorization to execute business of the school district.
- (2) Employees handling significant amounts of cash must be adequately bonded. Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with school district authorization.
 - (3) Receipts, checks or warrants, purchase orders, and vouchers shall be sequentially pre-numbered.
- (4) School districts shall have proper safeguards to protect unused checks and other pre-numbered forms, undeposited cash and other receipts, and facsimile signature plates.
- (5) Transactions are to be recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. In addition, school districts shall establish any other criteria applicable to such statements to maintain accountability for assets.
- (6) School districts shall conduct independent checks on performance and proper valuation of recorded amounts, such as clerical checks, reconciliations, comparison of assets with recorded accountability, computer-programmed controls, management review of reports that summarize the detail of account balances, and user review of computer generated reports.
- C. An internal control structure is required to demonstrate the school district's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the following financial statement assertions:
 - (1) rights and ownership;
 - (2) existence and occurrence;
 - (3) valuation and allocations;
 - (4) completeness; and,
 - (5) presentation and disclosure.

6.20.2.14 NMAC 1978 CASH CONTROL STANDARDS:

- A. School districts shall establish and maintain a cash management program to safeguard cash and provide prompt and accurate reporting that adheres to cash management requirements of the office of management and budget (OMB) Circular A-102, and applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- F. The school district shall establish a cash control ledger for each fund/subfund. Inter-fund transfers of cash among separate and distinct funds are not receipts or expenditures. Permanent transfers of previously receipted cash require local board and SIDE approval prior to the transfer. All other types of cash transfers require only local board approval.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2022-001 (FS 2018-001) - Improper Cash Controls (Significant Deficiency) Repeated and Modified (Continued)

- (1) Temporary transfers of cash are to be posted as "due from" and "due to" to indicate interfund receivables and payables.
- (2) Posting errors are not to be erased, crossed out, or in any other manner eliminated from the ledger. A separate entry is required to incorporate necessary corrections. Cross-referencing of a correcting entry to the original error should be inserted under the "description" column of the ledger.
- G. Clearing accounts or pooled accounts may be used to combine more than one fund in one bank account. Clearing accounts shall reconcile to a zero balance at the end of each month. Bank reconciliations for clearing accounts shall be completed on a monthly basis.
- J. The school district shall maintain a cash control ledger for each fund/subfund where all transactions affecting cash are recorded. Cash balances reported to the department shall be the same as the district's cash control ledger and annual audit.
- K. All bank accounts shall be reconciled on a monthly basis. Reconciled bank statements are to be reviewed by the business manager and/or assistant superintendent for business administration. The bank statement, deposit slips, and canceled checks shall be made available to the district's auditor during the annual audit.

Additionally, 6-5-2C NMSA 1978, "state agencies shall implement accounting controls designed to prevent accounting errors and violations of state and federal law and rules related to financial matters."

Condition: During our review of cash reconciliations and cash controls, we identified the following issues:

- The final cash report to the Public Education Department (PED) listed a reconciled balance of \$26,940,610.37 with net outstanding reconciling items totaling \$1,593,948.27 while the final reconciled balance provided to us only had net reconciling items of \$300,719.84, a difference of \$1,293,228.43. As such, it appears that the final cash report to the PED was incorrect.
- When the District transfers funds to the bond sinking fund, it records the transfer as a bond payment and records the deposit in the sinking fund as investment income, overstating the expense and income amounts in the debt fund.
- Three funds' cash/fund balance did not walk for the year as follows:
 - o 11000 off by \$4,983
 - o 22000 off by \$88
 - o 23000 off by \$514

The District has made improvement in the current year with many of its cash issues. However, the improper recording of the transfer of funds to the bond sinking fund needs to be properly recorded moving forward.

The District has reconciled accounts timely and more accurately than in the prior year. However, some issues related to cash still need work.

Cause: The Business Manager failed to mentally process what was actually occurring with the transfer of funds to the bond sinking fund. While it seems like a debt payment, it is simply a transfer of funds from one cash account to a trust cash account.

Effect: Cash reports provided to the State are not accurate and are not corrected after-the-fact. Additionally, the improper recording of the bond sinking fund transfer misstates revenues and expenditures on the year, though they net out.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2022-001 (FS 2018-001) - Improper Cash Controls (Significant Deficiency) Repeated and Modified (Continued)

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that the District make a template for recording the transfer of funds from the operating cash account to the bond sinking fund at Bank of Albuquerque so that when this transaction happens once a year the proper accounts can be included in the transaction. We also recommend that the District take care and verify that the cash report matches the Districts cash reconciliations and make sure that final cash reports are accurate.

Responsible Official's View:

• Specific corrective action plan for finding:

We will create a template for the transfer of funds to review prior to making the journal entry for the bond sinking fund. Final Cash Report will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to ensure accuracy when reporting.

• Timeline for completion of corrective action plan:

February 1, 2023

• Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline:

Finance Director and Business Manager

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings

None Identified

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings

2022-002 [NM 2019-004] - Budgetary Controls and Cash Appropriations (Other Non-compliance)
Repeated and Modified

Criteria: 2.2.2.10 NMAC 1978 GENERAL CRITERIA:

Q. Budgetary presentation:

The differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis revenues and expenditures shall be reconciled. If the required budgetary comparison information is included in the basic financial statements, the reconciliation shall be included on the statement itself or in the notes to the financial statements. If the required budgetary comparison is presented as RSI, the reconciliation to GAAP basis shall appear in either a separate schedule or in the notes to the RSI (AAG-SLV 11.14). The notes to the financial statements shall disclose the legal level of budgetary control for the entity and any excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control. The legal level of budgetary control for school districts is at the function level.

R. Appropriations:

- (1) Budget related findings:
- (a) If actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures at the legal level of budgetary control, that fact shall be reported in a finding and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- **(b)** If budgeted expenditures exceed budgeted revenues (after prior-year cash balance and any applicable federal receivables used to balance the budget), that fact shall be reported in a finding. This type of finding shall be confirmed with the agency's budget oversight entity (if applicable).

All District funds, with the exception of agency funds, are to be budgeted by the local governing body and submitted to the Public Education Department for approval. Cash balances re-budgeted to make up for deficit budgeted revenues that do not cover the budgeted expenditures cannot exceed the actual cash balance available at the end of the prior year.

2.2.2.10 NMAC 1978 Specific Criteria:

A.

- (3) School district audits shall address the following issues:
- (a) Audits of school districts shall include tests for compliance with Section 6.20.2 NMAC and PED's manual of procedures for public schools accounting and budgeting (PSAB), with specific emphasis on supplement 7, cash controls.
- (b) The audit report of each school district shall include a cash reconciliation schedule which reconciles the cash balance as of the end of the previous fiscal year to the cash balance as of the end of the current fiscal year. This schedule is also required for each charter school chartered by a school district and each charter school chartered by PED. This schedule shall account for cash in the same categories used by the district in its monthly cash reports to PED. Subsection D of Section 6.20.2.13 NMAC states that school districts shall use the "cash basis of accounting for budgeting and reporting". The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Subsection E of Section 6.20.2.13 NMAC states that "if there are differences between the financial statements, school district records and department records, the IPA should provide the adjusting entries to the school district to reconcile the report to the school district records." If there are differences between the school district records and the PED report amounts, other than those explained by the

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

2022-002 (NM 2019-004) - Budgetary Controls and Cash Appropriations (Other Non-compliance) Repeated and Modified (Continued)

adjusting entries, the IPA shall issue a finding which explains that the PED reports do not reconcile to the school district records.

Additionally, PSAB Supplement 2 – Internal Control – Final Cash Balances state:

Upon completion of the final close for each fiscal year, the district or charter school determines the actual cash balances for all funds and reports them to the Public Education Department by the designated deadline. (See PSAB Supplement 7, Cash Controls). The Operating Budget is then adjusted by the use of a Budget Adjustment Request to incorporate adjusted cash balances as of June 30 in the Operating Budget. Upon approval by the Public Education Department through OBMS (Operating Budget Management System), the District will adjust the budget to incorporate the changes in the Financial Management System.

Additionally, 22-8-11 NMSA 1978 BUDGETS; APPROVAL OF OPERATING BUDGET:

B. No School district or state-chartered school or officer or employee of a school district or state-chartered school shall make any expenditure or incur any obligation for the expenditure of public funds unless that expenditure or obligation is made in accordance with an operating budget approved by the department. This prohibition does not prohibit the transfer of funds pursuant to the department's rules and procedures.

Condition: During our review of budgets and related expenditures, we noted that the District re-budgeted "cash balance" in excess of available cash balances in the following fund:

		Original		Actual		
Fund#	Non-major Funds:	Cas	h Budget	Cash	Dif	ference
25131	Johnson O'Malley	\$	23,940	\$ (26,834)	\$	(50,774)
	Total	\$	23,940	\$ (26,834)	\$	(50,774)

In the prior year's audit the District had 2 funds which it budgeted cash in excess of available cash balances.

The District had expenditures in excess of budget in the following funds:

Fund#	Fund and Function	\mathbf{A}_{1}	mount
Majo	Funds:		
41000	Debt Service - County Tax Collection	\$	8,585
	Total	\$	8,585

In the prior year's audit, the District had expenditures in excess of budget in two funds in the amount of \$23 and \$437. As such, no improvement has been made in the current year.

Cause: The PED analyst required the District to include receivables as cash before they would approve the District's budget. This is not the proper way to determine the District's cash balance. Modifying the budget of the funds and improper internal controls regarding expenditures was missed by District personnel.

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

2022-002 (NM 2019-004) - Budgetary Controls and Cash Appropriations (Other Non-compliance) Repeated and Modified (Continued)

Effect: The District has budgeted a cash balance in excess of actual cash and expended funds in excess of budget.

Auditor's Recommendation: Greater attention should be given to the budget monitoring process end-of-the-year cash balance estimates. Adjustments should be made to cash balances after actual amounts are determined.

Responsible Official's Plan:

• Specific corrective action plan for finding:

All funds will be monitored and cash balances will be adjusted accordingly prior to year-end.

• Timeline for completion of corrective action plan:

February 1, 2023

• Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline:

Business Manager and Finance Director

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section V - Prior Year Audit Findings

Financial Statement Findings

2021-001 (FS 2018-001) - Improper Cash Controls - Repeated and Modified - Renumbered 2022-001

Federal Awards Findings

None Identified

Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings

2021-002 (2019-004) – Budgetary Controls and Cash Appropriations – Repeated and Modified – Renumbered 2022-002

BLOOMFIELD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.6 OTHER DISCLOSURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Auditor Prepared Financial Statements

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC prepared the GAAP-basis financial statements and footnotes of Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6 from the original books and records provided to them by the management of the District. The District's management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes and they believe that their records adequately support the financial statements. The responsibility for the financial statements remains with the District.

Exit Conference

The contents of this report were discussed on November 14, 2022. The following individuals were in attendance.

Bloomfield Municipal School District No. 6
Dale J. Maes, School Board President
Heather Summers, Audit Committee Parent
Staci Babcock, Finance Director
Laverne Brown, Business Manager

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC Byron R. Manning, CPA, Managing Partner Chris Manning, Senior Staff